

MINI AIR HOIST USER MANUAL

MODEL - TCR-250

FRONT COVER

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INTRODUCTION AND SPECIFICATION

Thank you for choosing the TCR pneumatic chain hoist which are available from 250 kg to 15 tonne.

Provided that the hoist is used and maintained in accordance with this manual it will afford you many years of reliable service.

PLANETA hoists comply with the latest standards and are designed for safe and efficient operation.

Before installing the unit, please ensure that both the personnel responsible for installation, maintenance and operation are fully acquainted with the sections of this manual which are relevant to them.

This manual should be accessible at all times to the relevant person, in case of loss ask your dealer for a new copy.

SWL (KG)	MODEL	CHAIN FALLS	WEIGHT (KG)		FULL LOAD LIFTING SPEED	FLR SIZE	MINIMUM HOSE SIZE
			3M HOL	EXTRA P/M	(M/MIN)		(ID)
250	TCR-250	1	7	0.35	9.3	0.5"	0.5"
500	TCR-500/2	2	9	0.7	4.5	0.5"	0.5"

Specification sheet gives full details of actual model supplied.

The nameplate fitted to the hoist gives the details to identify and gives further information on the hoist.

Notations: The following notations are used throughout this manual.



DANGER

Failure to follow this instruction may result in a dangerous occurrence or fatal injury



CAUTION

Failure to follow this instruction may result in premature wear of the hoist or a component part of the hoist

GETTING STARTED - UNPACKING & SPECIFICATION

1.1 UNPACKING THE HOIST

The hoist will have been packed into a cardboard box or palletised (see weight details in specification) Handling of all models of hoist & trolley will require lifting equipment and shouldn't be moved by hand.

WHEN UNPACKING:

Ensure that both hoist and any ancillary equipment are recovered from the packaging. Small or delicate items may have been packed separately. Check the contents against the supplier's delivery note and advise the supplier immediately of any shortages.

Ensure that the hoist and ancillary equipment are undamaged. If the goods do not reach you in perfect condition, notify your supplier immediately of any damage. Do not proceed with installation if the goods are damaged.

DANGER

Ensure that a certificate of test and thorough examination together with a 'CE' certificate of conformity is included with the goods. Hand these to the 'responsible person' for safe keeping. Check that the identifying mark (serial no), the safe working load (lifting capacity) and the 'CE' mark appear on the hoist.

SUPPLIER / MANUFACTURER

ADDRESS PLANETA-Hebetechnik GmbH

Resser Straße 17 44653 Herne / Germany

TEL NO 01651 872101

MODEL TCR-250

SERIAL NO

SWL 250 KG

DATE OF PURCHASE

NAME PLATES

The name plate gives important information which must be retained. Hoist serial number, SWL, model, year of manufacture and the manufacturers name and address.

ATEX - Explosive protection

When a new hoist has been built with increased spark protection an ATEX name plate will be fitted.

The normal ATEX zone 1 rating for PLANETA air hoists is Group II 2 GD c IIB T4 (135°C). This is based on European ATEX Directive 2014/34/EU.

CERTIFICATION

All new hoists are supplied with standard certification: Thorough Examination, EU Declaration of Conformity, which includes ATEX certificate where required. Other documentation is available by agreement.

IN THE EVENT OF ANY PROBLEMS OR SHOULD YOU REQUIRE ASSISTANCE CONTACT THE SUPPLIER AS DETAILED ABOVE QUOTING THE HOIST MODEL AND SERIAL NUMBER.

PACKAGING MATERIALS SHOULD BE RECYCLED OR DISPOSED OF ACCORDING TO LOCAL REGULATIONS.

GETTING STARTED - OPERATION

1.2 OPERATION

PLANETA pneumatic hoists are designed for the lifting and lowering of loads within the capacity of the selected hoist model. Our ranges of hoists are all 'CE' marked and conform with the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and the powered hoist standard BS EN 14492-2

Our range of hoists are available as hook suspension units, trolley mounted, built into low headroom units and cranes. Nearly all hoist models are also available as ATEX ZONE 1 or 2 hoists for use in hazardous areas, with corrosion protection, and can work in temperatures of -10°C to +70°C and down to -20°C with small modifications. When used outdoor or offshore hoists should be protected against the weather and examination and maintenance interval should be reduced.

Our hoists are extremely robust being developed over many years in the harshest of environments and will require little maintenance if kept lubricated on a regular basis. Noise levels can be found in the technical specification and as motor lubricating oil is supplied through the filter lubricator fitted to the hoist there will be a small amount of oil escaping into the atmosphere through the exhaust air: this can be piped away or collected using an exhaust cleaner. In certain circumstances and temperatures there is a danger of icing of the motor and exhaust silencer. This can be prevented by using an anti-icing lubricant such as Silkair or by fitting a dryer to the air supply to remove moisture from the air supply. Some anti-icing oil may damage air hoses and the o-ring in the hoist valve.

GETTING STARTED - CHECKS BEFORE USE & HOSE SUPPORT BRACKET

1.3 CHECKS BEFORE USE

These checks should be carried out during installation and on a frequent and regular basis thereafter. If the hoist is used daily then it is recommended that they are carried out daily as the checks take only minutes to complete and not only help avoid repair bills but significantly reduce the possibility of an accident or dangerous occurrence. Thoroughly examine the equipment prior to installation to ensure that no damage has occurred during transit. Hoists and trolleys should not be altered in any way without contacting PLANETA for clearance, as this may affect the certification of the unit.

AIR SUPPLY CHECKS:

- Inlet pressure: 4 to 6 bar (there will be pressure losses across the air set and on long hoses) The supply pressure should not
 exceed 7 bar.
- Air flow: Check air flow requirement and minimum hose diameter also check that small bore fittings are not strangling the air flow.
- Keep the lubricator topped up with a light turbine oil (ISOVG3256).
- The filter should be checked regularly and manual units drained of water as required.
- THE AIR HOSE SHOULD BE SUPPORTED SO THAT THE WEIGHT OF HOSE IS NOT HANGING FROM THE AIR SET AND FITTINGS. THE AIR SET IS NOT DESIGNED TO SUPPORT THE WEIGHT OF THE HOSE. SEE PAGES 7 AND 12 IF A HOSE SUPPORT BRACKET AND MANIFOLD IS FITTED TO THE HOIST.
- The air supply should be clean and relatively dry. Where the compressor produces a lot of water action should be taken to remove the excess water.
- Check air connection size and type are compatible.
- Check security of air hose connection.

AIR SUPPLY CONNECTION:

Every installation is different, so the correct method of supporting the air hose should be reviewed while installing the hoist. This needs to take into account the weight and size of the hose, obstructions both at deck and hoist level, connections, operating conditions and any likely movement of the hoist and air hose.

The fittings and filter lubricator are not designed to take the weight of the hose.

If the air supply hose length is over 10 metres the hose ID should be increased to the next size.

AIR SUPPLY:

Vane type air motors are designed to function using clean, dry, lubricated air. The installation of an 'in line' air service unit although essential cannot in itself compensate for serious contamination in the air supply. When operating the compressor in moist (humid) or dusty atmospheres seek the advice of your compressor supplier with regard to the fitting of a dryer and filter. A CAUTION

AIR PRESSURE

The hoist is designed to operate best in the pressure range of 5 to 6 bar (72 to 90 p.s.i). The speeds quoted on the manufacturer's literature are obtainable only at 6 bar (90 p.s.i) inlet pressure. The hoist will operate at much reduced speed at pressures below this figure.

AIR FLOW:

Refer to the hoist data sheet, to select the hose diameter which ensures adequate air flow. Failure to provide adequate airflow will result in a pressure drop in the supply line and cause the hoist to stall and the brake to apply until the pressure increases. In addition, the brake will not release cleanly and will overheat. (Although not in itself a hazard [the brake will fail safe] it may prove frustrating to the operator and a hazard may arise as a consequence.) / CAUTION

AIR SUPPLY HOSE SUPPORT BRACKET:

Where a hose support bracket and manifold have been fitted to the hoist to take the weight of an air supply hose.

- Check the hose hangs freely and does not interfere with the hoist chain.
- Check the hose is clear of the load to be lifted.
- Check the pendant hose is not obstructed by the air supply hose.
- Check the air hose is supported.

DANGER

- DO use exclusively correctly rated pneumatic hoses and fittings in the air supply line.
- DO support the air line up to the hoist, as the fitting and filter / lubricator are not designed to take a load and may not support the weight of the hose.
- DO maintain the internal diameter (as per the table throughout the supply length) or reduce from the larger diameter to the smaller diameter in the direction of the hoist.
- DON'T use hydraulic fittings. These often have a reduced orifice size resulting in a down line drop in air pressure.
- DON'T increase from smaller to larger diameter or insert a length of smaller diameter hose in the supply line as this will result in reduced flow and pressure.
- DON'T create low points in the air supply line where water may be trapped (or if unavoidable install a drain tap).
- DON'T rely on pneumatic fittings to support airlines; they are not designed for this purpose.
- DON'T shorten the pendant by forming a loop or a coil. This will prevent the strainer wire from supporting the pendant and will
 cause the hoses to become detached or kinked.

GETTING STARTED - INSTALLATION & TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1.4 HOIST ASSEMBLY

Normally our hoist or hoist and trolleys will arrive complete ready to be fitted into position, but sometimes for transportation it may be necessary to disconnect the chain collector, trolley or the pendant control system.

- Chain collectors will be supplied with the necessary bolts and fittings to assemble on site along with any safety slings as shown in section 1.8 and chain collectors in section 7.4.
- Due to the size of some trolleys it is easier to ship split from the hoist, the trolley GA drawings show the load bar and top eye details
 for refitting and the control and supply air lines are numbered or colour coded for re-connection.
- When lifting into position either use the lifting points on the hoist or hoist and trolley, if the hoist does not have lifting points fitted securely fit slings to the body of the hoist or use the top hook if possible. Do not lift by the controls, valves, or the air set.



DANGER

MOUNTING THE HOIST

The air hoist is designed as a LIFTING MACHINE and as such is designed exclusively for the lifting loads vertically. Non vertical lifting will result in premature wear of the chain and chain guide and may result in damage to the limit arms or a failure of the limit arms to operate.

- Site the hoist immediately above the load which is to be lifted.
- Ensure that the point from which the hoist is suspended has been designed and tested to at least the same safe working load as the hoist itself.
- Ensure that the suspension point or shackle fits snugly into the bowl of the hoist top hook and that the safety catch closes to prevent escape.
- Use only certified lifting gear with a SWL in excess of the load to be lifted to connect to the load itself.
- Ensure that the lifting gear fits snugly into the bowl of the hoist bottom hook and that the safety catch closes to prevent escape.
- Ensure that the control length (pendant or cords) is adequate to allow the operator to stand away from the load, in a safe and secure position with the cords or pendant at waist height.

CLOSE HEADROOM WORKING

The lower hook of the TCR / TNC hoist includes a swivel arrangement. This allows the load to turn without twisting the chain. However, when repeatedly handling loads with the bottom hook close to the hoist, especially when rotation of the load is prevented, there is tendency for the chain to attempt to enter the guide at an angle. This is particularly pronounced on two fall units. If this problem is noticed when doing a trial lift, a high guality ball bearing swivel should be mounted below the bottom hook of the hoist.

CHAIN COLLECTORS

If the hoist has been supplied with a chain collector bag or bucket, and the chain has been stored within it during shipment, remove all the chain from the collector by hand, and remove any knots or twists.

In all cases carefully feed the chain over the load wheel allowing it to fill the collector without any interference as it emerges from the wheel. This way the collector will fill normally. If the chain within the collector is disturbed great care must be taken the next time that the chain is fed out of the collector to ensure that it is not twisted or knotted. Chain bags and buckets are fitted with one or two brackets depending on the model and HOL of the hoist. A DANGER See additional instructions (Section 6) for large collectors.

1.5 TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The WLL of the hoist will be marked on the hoist nameplate and also in the hoist specification supplied.

The reactions on the powered hoist on the support, runway beam or crane should have been taken into account in the design of the structure. The structure should be at least 25% stronger than when using manual equipment due to the shock loading applied by the operational speeds and the starting and stopping of the hoist.

All PLANETA hoists are fitted with the following safety features

- Upper and lower mechanically operated travel limits. These are ultimate stops and should not be used to stop the hoist on a regular basis.
- The disc brake is spring applied so when the controls are not operated or in the event of loss of air supply the brake is applied holding the load in position.
- On pendant controlled hoists an emergency stop button is fitted which connects to a normally open valve either located in the hoist valve chamber or connected to the hoist. When the emergency stop button is pushed or if the air supply to the hoist is cut off then the valve will close stopping the hoist.
- PLANETA hoists have a 5:1 factor of safety.

GETTING STARTED - HOIST CHECKS

1.6 HOIST CHECKS BEFORE USE

HOIST CHECKS (AIR SUPPLY OFF)

- Hook swivels satisfactorily and the safety catches work correctly.
- Load chain is undamaged and lubricated (light mineral oil).
- The load chain is not twisted through (two fall or more models) and that the load chain passed through the limit lever (All models).
- The load chain anchor is sound (both live and slack end).
- Check for damage to the hoist, pendant and control lines.
- Do not operated below -10°C or above 70°C without contacting PLANETA.

HOIST CHECKS (AIR SUPPLY ON)

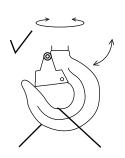
- The pendant buttons, levers or cords should be smooth to operate and return to neutral when released (hoist stops and does not run on).
- The hoist is run up and down on a regular basis. Where hoists are hanging in a dry and protected area they should be run weekly, where the hoist is outside and not protected it should be checked, lubricated and run daily.
- The emergency stop button / valve operates immediately.
- Upper and lower limit switches / levers work satisfactorily.
- Load chains run smoothly over the pocket wheel.
- The load chain should be examined periodically for cracks, gouges and wear.
- Chain collectors should be checked for security and chain capacity.
- Check chain runs in and out of the chain collector smoothly.
- For hoists with a long drop of chain or a large chain collector a separate suspension point may be required (see section 1.8).
- Cord control hoists should have the toggles marked for raise and lower.
- On cord controls check the spool valve returns to neutral and the hoist stops when the cord is released. (hoist stops and does not run on).
- Check the silencer is not partially blocked by comparing the running speed without load against the speed in the manual. 🛕 DANGER

NEVER RELEASE THE EMERGENCY STOP BUTTON UNTIL IT IS SAFE TO DO SO

Hoist swivels satisfactorily.

Hoist safety claws functional and undamaged.

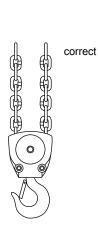
Safety claw

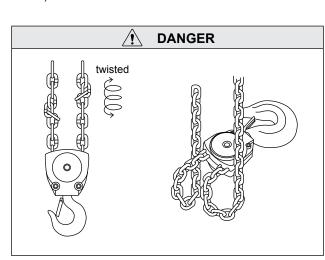




Chain undamaged

Chain not twisted through (two fall models see sketch)





GETTING STARTED - HOIST CHECKS & INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

1.7 HOIST CONTROLS

Air hoists can be controlled by either a pull cord or a pendant control operating the spool valve of the hoist operating raise and lower. The diagram in section 1.8 shows the set up for both types of control and the location on the hoist body.

Cord or pendant hose lengths should be long enough for the operator to stand away from under the load but still with the cord toggles or the pendant suspended at a height of around 1 metre from the operating level. Where the controls have to be to the side of the hoist or where the operator cannot see the load travelling the full range of the lift a banksman should be appointed to assist the operator using a reliable means of communication.

Both toggles on the cord controls should be marked for correct operation of the hoist. The emergency stop button on the pendant control should also be marked.

1.8 ADDITIONAL INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

Hook suspension with long chain drops.

Problem:

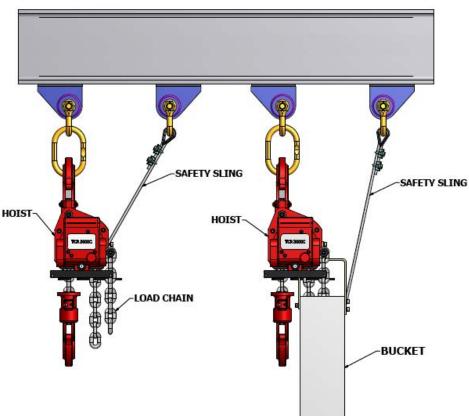
When a long heavy chain is fitted, and the 'raise' is pressed with the hoist in an unloaded condition, due to the centre line of the hoist having been affected by the weight of chain, the upper limit switch, may fail to operate. In addition, the slack load chain may on some modules foul the limit lever arms, thus preventing it from returning to the centre (neutral position).

Resolution:

A short length of wire rope, 6mm diameter, is fitted to the hoists and bulldog grips have been supplied.

Suspend the hoist in its final location and with as much chain as possible in use. Apply a small load to the hoist and lift it clear of the ground. Connect the wire rope sling to the support steel alongside the top hook using bulldog grips.

The tension in this sling should be enough to counteract most of the weight of the slack chain produced in the fully raised position, but it must not be tensioned such that it is carrying any of the load supported by the hoist. i.e. if fitted correctly, in an unloaded condition, the sling will be tensioned with the hoist ALMOST in the vertical position. When the load is applied, the tension in the sling will be slack.



THE SLING IS NOT CAPABLE OF HOLDING THE LOADS CARRIED BY THE HOIST

LUBRICATION

2.1

Item	Oil Type	Frequency
Lubricator Unit Main Air Supply	Atlub Medium to light turbine oil ISO VG 32-56 Or any quality airline lubricant (See note 1)	10 to 15 drops per minute Do not allow lubricator to run out of oil
Load Chain	Normal industrial - any light mineral oil Clean areas - wax based, semi setting Food industry - suitable vegetable oil (See note 2)	Weekly / monthly subject to environment / use
Limit Lever Linkages and Anchor pins	No. 2 grease	Monthly or more frequently in aggressive environments
Gearbox	High temperature EP2 grease	Only at major overhaul

Note '

In all cases oil will be expelled from the hoist exhaust. The amount discharged is proportional to the delivery rate of the lubricator. In environments where oil in the exhaust cannot be tolerated, the exhaust can be piped away to a safe area, but this requires specialist modification of the hoist (See air service equipment) - CONSULT YOUR DEALER. (A CAUTION

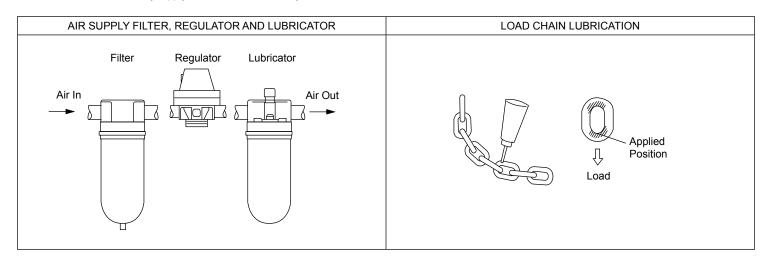
Note 2

Keeping load chain clean and lubricated will greatly increase the lifetime of the chain and prevent costly replacement. Very little lubricant is needed and can be easily applied to the chain by cloth, brush or spray.

In areas of high corrosion, plated chain can be used along with special lubricants to prevent corrosion from sea water and spray. Chains used in these areas should be re-lubricated on a regular basis.

NEVER use heavy grease or bitumen based products to lubricate the chain as these will foul the chain guide, idler and load wheels and bearings. 🛕 DANGER

Remove dust and water drops on the Load Chain and then apply lubricant. Application of lubrication influences on the life of the Load Chain considerably. Apply the lubricant sufficiently.



SAFE OPERATION

3.1 The contents of this section are designed for the guidance of personnel using the hoist. For the most part, they are 'common sense' procedures. Most dangerous occurrences involving lifting machines are not as a result of defect developing in the machine itself but are as a result of an error or act of carelessness by the operator. As such, the vast majority of accidents or dangerous occurrences are avoidable. The operator is responsible for his safety and the safety of others in the area of the hoist.

It is further recommended that only authorised personnel should be permitted to use the hoist and that all staff should be properly trained and have adequate knowledge in both safe use and visual examination.

ALWAYS - follow company procedures, work safely, report faults and comply with regulations.

! DANGER

GUIDELINES FOR PERSONNEL USING AIR HOIST

- Read the instruction manual before use.
- Test run the equipment prior to application of a load and ensure that the equipment, including its control and safety devices are functioning correctly.
- Do not touch the hoist body immediately after extensive use, as it may be hot or very cold.
- Do not wear loose clothing (ties, scarves etc.) which may get dragged into the hoist or bottom block.
- Wear safety boots or shoes (together with a safety helmet if lifting overhead).
- Ensure that a positively engaged isolator requiring an appropriate operation to re-engage, is fitted between the air supply and the machine (lever, button or quarter turn valve). The isolator should isolate only the machine itself or where the safety of other machines may be affected by isolation of the machine, all machines affected must be isolated at the same time.
- Large hoists and trolleys have lifting eyes that can be used for handling and installation. Where no lifting eyes are fitted, a sling
 may be fitted round the hoist body using a choker hitch.
- Ensure that the load is securely supported by certified lifting gear (slings and shackles) with a higher safe working load in the
 configuration used, than the load to be lifted and that it cannot 'escape' whilst being lifted.
- Stand clear of the load when lifting or lowering and ensure that the point at which you are standing is secure. Do not touch
 moving chain.
- When there is a brief pause in the lifting operation where the operator lets go of the pendant control, he must stay in the area and make sure the pendant hangs vertically and cannot swing or get blown against anything.
- When there is a longer break in the lifting operation and the load has been landed, then the emergency stop button should be actuated so that a positive action is required before the hoist or hoist and trolley can be operated.
- If the hook is still attached to an item then a sign should be attached to the pendant and depending on the circumstances the power supply locked off.
- Ensure that other personnel cannot enter the immediate area where the lift is taking place.
- Never lift the load higher than necessary.
- Ensure that the control length (cord or pendant) is adequate to allow the operator to stand away from the load in a position to see
 the load at all stages of lift.
- The pendant should hang from the hoist and not be placed onto objects where the controls could be activated.
- If it is not possible to site yourself in a position where you can see the load at all stages, appoint a 'banksman' to cover the area which you cannot see and establish a reliable method of communication (verbal or hand signals) before starting the lift.
- If you suspect that the equipment is defective or is developing a fault, stop the lifting operation immediately.
- In the event of an emergency make the area safe by returning the load to a rest position, but if this is not possible the area should be cordoned off and the advice of your superior or safety officer sought. Never repair a hoist with the load suspended.
- If it is not possible to lower a load to the ground to make it safe, then a lifting plan must be in place to recover the load or make it safe in case of hoist failure.
- In the case of complex lifting operations a lifting plan must be in place to control the lift stipulating the hoists to be used, operating conditions, operator instructions and the different parts of the lift taking part in the agreed sequence. Carry out a practice lift with a small load if necessary to confirm the lifting operation.
- The starting and stopping of the hoist and taking up of slack chain at high speed can apply high forces which could be higher than the load being lifted. Always operate hoists smoothly and in a controlled manner.
- The attachment points must be capable of withstanding the expected forces.
- External vibration can affect the hoist and can cause damage and wear.
- Do not use the hoist outside in high winds, bad weather conditions, or when temperatures are likely to be outside the operating temperature of the hoist.
- Only use the hoist to make a lift safe when a warning alarm has been activated in the area and then isolate the hoist.

AT ALL TIMES THINK BEFORE YOU ACT - PLAN EVERY LIFT

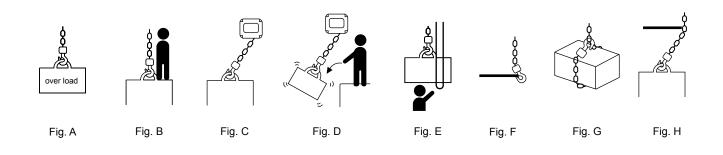
SAFE OPERATION - HOIST OPERATORS

• DANGER

- 3.1 Hoist operators must be healthy and not under the influence of alcohol, drugs or medication when operating the hoist.
 - Hoist operators should be trained in the operation of hoists proper rigging procedures for the attachment of loads to the hoist.
 - The operator is always responsible for his own safety and anybody else in the operating area.
 - Always start the lowering or lifting movement slowly and smoothly.
 - When using the hoist jointly with another person, use signals agreed upon at the job site (standardized signals).
 - When using the hoist without chain collector, avoid the slack chain to fall, catch or impact as this can cause hazards.
 - In case of air pressure loss, secure the load and area. Ensure that turning the air supply back on cannot result in a dangerous
 occurence.
 - Stop using the hoist in case of abnormal sounds.

SAFE OPERATION - FORESEEABLE INCORRECT USE

- 3.1 Where the supporting steel work transfers a vibration or oscillation through the hoist this can cause increased wear between the links of the load chain.
 - Where the hoist or hoist and trolleys are fitted with lifting points they should only be used for lifting the hoist and trolley, they are not designed to take the full WLL of the hoist.
 - Before carrying out any work on the hoist the main air should be turned off and the residual are vented or the hoist run to dissipate the air pressure.
 - Do not exceed the stated SWL or duty rating. (Fig. A)
 - Operate the hoist smoothly. Do not suddenly change direction as this may exert both shock loads acceleration forces may well in excess of the weight of the load being lifted.
 - Do not use the hoist to lift / lower personnel. (Fig. B)
 - Only use the hoist to lift a load vertically. It is not designed to pull or drag loads without modification and or a lift plan being used for special lifting operations, such as cross hauling. (Fig. C)
 - Ensure that the load is securely supported by its lifting gear (slings shackles etc.) and that it cannot escape whilst being lifted.
 - Ensure that the lifting assembly (slings, shackles etc.) has a higher safe working load in the configuration used than the load to be lifted
 - Ensure that the point at which the hoist is to be suspended has an equal or greater safe working load than the hoist.
 - Ensure that the load is free to move and will clear all obstructions.
 - Avoid swinging the load or hook.
 - Do not use the hoist if the chain is damaged, twisted, kinked or worn.
 - Ensure that the load is stable and in balance at starting lifting or setting down as tilting or falling loads can cause accidents.
 - Never allow loads to "fall" into the load chain. (Fig. D)
 - Never lock the control elements of the pendant or controls.
 - Never use the chain, hooks or hoist as an electrical ground for welding or electricity.
 - Do not use the limits as a means of stopping the hoist (these are safety devices).
 - Do not use controls as a means of moving the hoist (the pendant is designed to support its own self weight only).
 - Stand clear of the load when lifting and lowering and ensure that the point at which you are standing is safe and secure. (Fig. E)
 - Do not hold onto the load chain when controlling a load (fit a tag to the load if necessary to ensure that the load is controlled).
 - Do not apply a load to the tip of the Bottom Hook or the Hook Latch. (Fig. F)
 - Do not bind a load with the load chain directly. (Fig. G)
 - Do not operate the Load Chain while it is in contact with any sharp edges. (Fig. H)



SAFE OPERATION

DANGER

3.2 SAFETY EQUIPMENT - PPE

Safe systems of work should be appropriate for the working conditions that the hoist is being used in with method statements stating what the hoist is being used for, the authorisation of staff to operate hoists and the PPE requirements in place. In general overalls, safety shoes, hearing protection and gloves are normal but other sites will require safety glasses and hard hats.

DANGER

3.3 LIFTING GEAR BELOW THE HOIST

Where lifting gear is connected into the bottom hook of the hoist it should be sized for at least the capacity of the hoist and physically fit well into the body of the hook allowing the safety catch to close.

Where a larger item such as a spreader beam is used this may have an effect on the lifting capacity of the hoist, so the SWL should be reduced to reflect this.

HOW TO SLING THE LOAD PROPERLY



120° or less

DO NOT CARRY OUT DANGEROUS HOOKING AS SHOWN BELOW



Angle exceeding 120° Angle too wide



Unable closing of the hook latch



Hooking of the load at the tip of the hook

DANGER

Improper hooking

position of the lifted

load or the sling

MOUNTING ON TROLLEYS 3.4

Sling the load at

the extended line

of the hook shaft

- Ensure that the trolley is properly mounted on the beam and set correctly for the beam with adequate wheel clearance.
- Ensure that the stops for the trolley mounted on the runway beam are correctly positioned and securely installed.
- Ensure that the top hook or link plate of the hoist fits properly on the suspension point of the trolley and is assembled properly with the hoist at the centre of the load bar.
- Ensure that the load bar and tie bar nut have been secured and the trolley side plates are set parallel to the beam web.
- Ensure that the tie bars are correctly adjusted in the slots with the anti-tilt roller close under the beam with enough clearance to allow the trolley to run along the beam.

DANGER

3.5 OPERATIONAL BREAKDOWN OR ACCIDENT

If an unloaded hoist stops working then it should be removed from location and sent for repair if none of the remedies in the trouble shooting guide have an effect.

When the hoist is still holding a load then an additional hoist should be used to take the weight of the load so it can be safely lowered and the faulty hoist removed for repair. If another hoist cannot be used to lower the load it is possible to release the brake by slackening the brake cover screws but this should only be done by a RRIUK engineer or after discussions with PLANETA as it is not always possible or safe to do so

The main air supply line to the hoist should be fitted with an easily accessible valve to cut off the air supply to the hoist in case of emergency or for maintenance. Pendant control hoists also have a main air shut off valve.

There should be a safe access to the hoist to carry out maintenance, inspection and lubrication.

MAINTENANCE

4.1 The TCR mini hoists are light weight, easily installed and built to require little maintenance if they are kept lubricated and maintained. The maintenance required will depend on daily operating times, the conditions, quality of the air supply and the percentage of the WLL regularly being lifted. The operators daily checks and the monthly maintenance checks are necessary to check the condition of the hoist. Maintenance work should be carried out by trained and qualified personnel. A DANGER

It is recommended that in the case of the TCR mini hoist and air trolleys inspections are carried out in accordance with the following schedule, although the frequency of the 'six month inspection' should be increased in high risk environments, aggressive environments or where the usage is particularly heavy to between one and three months. **A CAUTION**

EVERY DAY / WEEK (DEPENDING ON USAGE) / CAUTION

The items listed under 'checks before use' in Section 1 (Getting Started) of the manual should be examined. It is recommended that the lubricator is 'topped up' as a part of this inspection routine.

AT LEAST ONCE PER MONTH FOR HOISTS IN CONSTANT USE OR EVERY THREE MONTHS LIGHTLY USED UNITS

• DANGER

LOAD CHAIN - Thoroughly examine throughout its length for wear in the links, corrosion, cracks or distortion. If the wear in the links exceeds that stated in the chair, the chain should be replaced. If there are any visible cracks or distortion the chain should be replaced. Any wear should be measured and checked against section 10.1.

BRAKE - With a load applied check the brake efficiency. If there is any delay in actuation or slippage, the brake is defective and the hoist must be thoroughly overhauled before being returned to service.

HOOKS, SWIVELS AND CLAWS - Examine hooks for wear, deformation (refer to chart), nicks and gouges. Ensure that the hooks swivel smoothly and that the safety claw opens fully and closes under spring tension.

CHAIN ANCHOR PIN - Examine for wear and deformation.

NUTS AND BOLTS - Using suitable spanner and Allen key, check for any loose nuts and bolts.

UPPER AND LOWER LIMIT - Ensure that it functions correctly in both the fully raised and fully (chain lever) lowered positions.

CHAIN COLLECTOR - Check security and condition.

It is recommended that the load chain and linkages are lubricated as part of this inspection routine.

When repairing PLANETA air hoists only original PLANETA products should be used.

4.2 Only minor repairs such as silencers, safety catches, pendant repairs, replacing shorter lengths of load chain and inspections should be done in location after this the hoist should be lowered to ground level and taken to a workshop. (A CAUTION

If the hoist is taken out of service it should be sent to an approved repairer to be fully dismantled, repaired and tested. 🛕 CAUTION

Only PLANETA approved parts should be fitted to the hoist but good quality European or Japanese load chain and bearings can be used but other than that only PLANETA supplied parts should be used.

CAUTION

SAFE OPERATION

4.3 SILENCING

The TCR hoist is fitted with an internal silencer; the noise output being less than 83 dB at one metre (this conforms to E.C. noise regulations).

TCR-250 & TCR-500/2

The silencer comprises five semi-circular gauzes; two type S, one type F and a further two type S.

The life expectancy of the silencer correlates closely with the quality of air supplied.

Periodic examination of the silencer is not required, nor is it recommended (see below). As the silencer becomes contaminated a reduced speed of operation will be noted. At this point the nylon silencer should be cleaned or replaced and the gauze silencer should be changed.

4.4 CHANGING THE SILENCER(S) - see parts list.

TCR-250 & TCR-500/2

Located at the end of the motor, the silencers are held in place by a semi-circular exhaust plate which is located by means of a screw. (M4).

To replace, remove the screw and plate to access the silencers, which may then be drawn out. When replacing, ensure that the silencers are in the correct order (two type S, one type F and a further two type S).

!

CAUTION

ADJUSTMENTS AND MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS

Before carrying out any work on the hoist the main air supply should be turned off and the residual air vented or the hoist run to dissipate the air pressure.

PLANETA hoists normally do not require any adjustment as the brake springs take up any wear and the load limiter and limits should not need adjustment once set.

The lubricator should be checked and topped up weekly in normal use or daily when heavily used.

The load chain should be checked monthly for lubrication and oiled if necessary. Where the load chain is not lubricated for operational reasons the chain should be inspected weekly as a dry chain can wear rapidly.

The top and bottom hooks should only be lubricated if required during checks.

The hoist gearbox is greased during assembly or repair and should not need greased during operation.

There are no hazardous substances in PLANETA hoists.

MAINTENANCE

4.5 FITTING OR REPLACING LOAD CHAIN

The hoist will require to be hung up with an airline connected.

The chain stopper will require to be fitted at least 13 links from the unloaded end of the chain. (See chain fitting drawing)

The chain must be fed over the pocket wheel from the slack end anchor side with the weld of every second link facing away from the wheel axis i.e. weld outwards.

Care must be taken not to twist the chain during installation. This is best achieved by holding the live end of the chain as it emerges from the hoist, if the hoist is reeved on two parts of chain, feeding it through the free limit lock, through the bottom block wheel and again as it emerges, thereafter feeding it up to the anchor pin. If the chain cannot be fitted to the anchor without rotating it through 90 degrees, the end link should be removed.

Run the chain through the hoist, leaving a short tail at the 'slack' end. Anchor the slack end without twisting the chain.

On single fall hoists the live end is fed through the limit lock, through the sleeve and secured in the bottom hook holder by the sleeve pin. (Thereafter the sleeve is pushed down over the holder to retain the pin and secured by a locking ring)

Feed the chain over the load wheel.

It is very easy to trap or damage the chain if extreme care is not exercised. Always examine the first link of chain after passing it over the load wheel. If damaged, remove the damaged link(s). (DANGER

REPLACING EXISTING CHAIN

Cut away the centre portion of a link of the old chain to allow a chain diameter to pass through. Connect the spare link to the last link of the old chain and the first link of the replacement chain. Use the old chain to draw the replacement chain though the hoist. (Retain the spare link to be re-used). A DANGER

FITTING CHAIN TO AN UNCHAINED HOIST

A handy tool comprises a length of either soft insulated wire (about 2mm diameter) or a piece of flexible nylon tube of the same diameter approximately 500mm long. To the end of this attach a similar length of strong twine.

The soft wire or tube is fed over the wheel, its flexibility allows it to follow the chain guide and re-emerge at the opposite side. The twine is attached to the end of the chain and drawn through, pulling the chain against the wheel. By applying power VERY SLOWLY in the same direction of winding, the load chain is dragged into the first pocket and over the load wheel. If any resistance is felt as the chain attempts to enter the pocket it is imperative that the chain is released from the pocket before trying again. Otherwise the chain will become trapped and damaged. \triangle **DANGER**

Only use quality load chain approved by PLANETA for use on our hoists.

	<u> </u>	DANGER	
ITEM	CHECK METHOD	CRITERIA	WHEN FAILED
Deformation Flaw Entanglement	Check visually Flaw Crack Crack Check visually for no foreign matter as attached sputter.	No deep notch No deformation such as twist No attached sputter No entanglement No crack	Replace the load chain

HOIST COMPONENTS AND CHAIN

4.6 TYPES OF CHAIN

TCR-250	STANDARD		HEAVY DUTY		STAINLESS STEE	L
Nominal diameter: Pitch: Max dia at weld: Min breaking force: Surface hardness: Grade:	RUD 4.0 + 0.1 / - 0.2 12.0 + 0.2 / - 0.0 4.3 20.1 500-650HV5 EN818/7 ISO 3077	mm mm mm kN	KITO 4.0 + 0.2 / - 0.2 12.0 + 0.23 / - 0.0 4.3 20.1 Grade 80T EN818-7 ISO 3077	mm mm mm kN	RUD 4.0 + 0.1 / - 0.2 12 + 0.2 / - 0.0 4.3 16.0 ca250HV5 DIN5684 - 8 + EN8	mm mm mm Kn
Olddo.	L14010// 100 00//		L14010 7 100 0077		DII 1000-F - 0 1 LING	710/7 100 0077

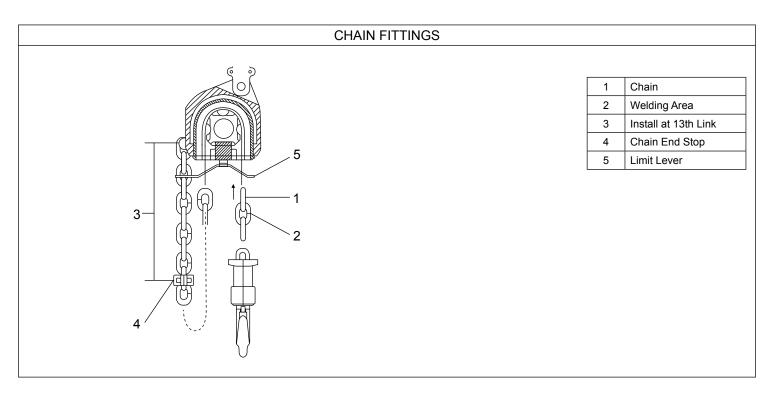
NOTE:

Spark resistant hoists are fitted with KITO nickel plated heavy duty chain or 60 stainless steel chain. Please refer to supplier.

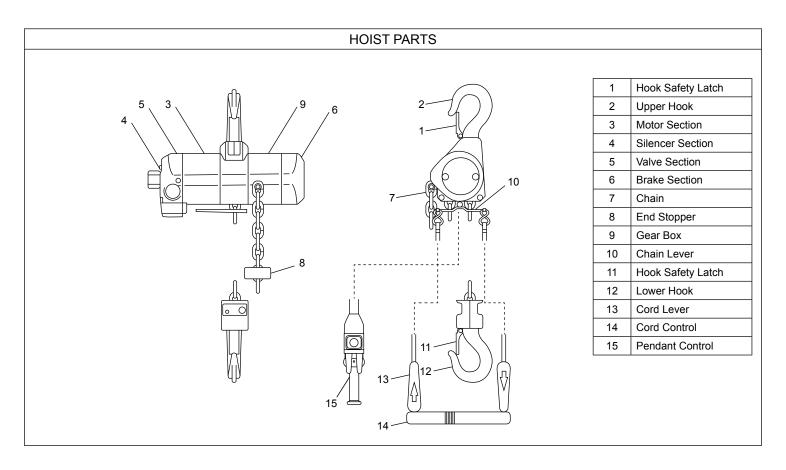
When supplied new, only quality chain from a reputable supplier has been fitted to the hoist. Your supplier will be able to offer replacement chain of like quality.

HOIST COMPONENTS AND CHAIN

4.7 TCR-250



TCR-250



SERVICE DATA

Maintenance chart TCR-250

NO.	DESCRIPTION	CHECK POINTS	STD DIMENSIONS & MAX FOR REPLACEMENT
40	Vane	T	STD L = 38mm MIN L = 37.3mm STD W = 17mm MIN W = 15mm STD T = 3mm MIN T = 2.5mm Replace if any of the width, length and thickness is less than the stated minimums.
73	Brake Disc	T	STD T = 8mm MIN T = 7.3mm Below minimum for replacement.
85	Cage		Replace when there is a large or uneven play in the pin hole.
86 90 91 93	Star Gear Pinion Wheel Ring Gear	step	Replace if there is a step on the surface of the gear teeth.
87	Pin	step	Replace if there is a step on the surface of the pin. If the pin is replaced, replace the needle bearing and star gear at the same time.

SERVICE DATA

Maintenance chart TCR-250

NO.	DESCRIPTION	CHECK POINTS	STD DIMENSIONS & MAX FOR REPLACEMENT
91	Wheel		Replace if loadsheave part is badly damaged or worn.
96	Chain Guide		Replace if the wear of any part of the chain guide exceeds more than 1mm.
97	Chain Separator	W	STD L = 8.6mm MAX L = 10.6mm STD W = 15.5mm MAX W = 17.5mm Replace if any of the above dimensions exceed maximum wear.
115	Hook	L H	Dimensions: STD L = 35mm MAX L = 35.7mm STD H = 15mm MIN H = 14.4mm Check dimensions as casting size can vary. Replace if beyond maximum 'L' or 'H'. There is some variation in the 'H' size on hooks so it is best to measure the hook when new and then allow up to 0.5mm of wear.
101	Load Chain	5 links L	STD L = 60mm MAX L = 61.5mm Replace if L exceeds MAX L. STD D = 4mm MIN D = 3.8mm Replace if D exceeds MIN D Also replace if the link chain is severely damaged.
		d d	Measure the chain diameter (d) with point caliper.

LAYING UP THE HOIST

5.1 LAYING UP THE HOIST

Whenever the hoist is unused for a period (weekends, holidays or in store), a little preparation will ensure that the hoist operates correctly and safely, either before being put into service for the first time or when being put back into service after a layup.

SHORT LAY UP PERIOD (2 TO 90 DAYS):

Air hoists should be kept clean, lubricated and stored in a clean and dry location.

When not in use seal off from the air supply inlet and run extra oil through the hoist as per lay up instructions.

Wherever possible keep the hoist protected when in use and installed in an exposed location, protecting controls and hoses from damage.

Turn up the oil delivery rate of the lubricator to maximum and run the hoist for two minutes, thereby ensuring that the hoist motor and control valve are well lubricated. (This also helps to displace any water which may be lying in the hoist). **A CAUTION**

LONG TERM LAY UP PERIOD (3 MONTHS TO 24 MONTHS):

- Heavily lubricate the hoist as specified above.
- If the hoist is contaminated with dirt or chemicals, wash with a propriety mild solvent or detergent and thoroughly rinse off with fresh water. Allow to dry and spray lightly with penetrating fluid.
- Lubricate the load chain, limit shafts, safety latches, and hook swivels.
- Disconnect the air supply and plug the inlet port.
- If required, dismantle the chain collector, pendant, air set and trolley for storage.
- Store in a dry ventilated area.
- Secure hoist in a crate or suitable pallet.

Transportation - Moving your PLANETA hoist between locations.

Carefully disconnect from suspension point and lower under control to ground level.

Be sure that chain collector, valves and trolley drives are not damaged.

Carefully lay the pendant on top of the hoist making sure tubes or hoses are not damaged.

Secure the hoist and chain to the shipping container or pallet.

For long term storage corrosion inhibitors (wax coatings) can also be applied to suitable surfaces and then removed before use.

Before connecting the air supply line to the hoist, pour 5 to 10 cc of Atlub air tool oil directly into the airline to ensure that oil is present in the motor startup. (•) CAUTION

If being stored long term especially outside ask for a copy of the full procedure - AHLU-15

CHAIN COLLECTORS

When supplied new the chain bag or chain bucket will have been sized to suit the HOL of the hoist with spare capacity to allow for some bunching up of the chain. The use of a chain collector can make the operation of the hoist more efficient preventing dangerous occurrences with the chain getting caught or falling from the load being lifted as it mounts up on top of the load.

On hoists from 250 kg to 6 tonne PVC bags are used with chain sizes from 4 to 11.2mm diameter.

HOIST										
PART NO	05	30/2	Q	00	30/2	TCR-1000/2	000	TCR-2000/2	000	TCR-6000/2
(O)	TCR-250	TCR-500/2	TCS-500	TCR-500	TCS-980/2	;R-1(TCR-1000	:R-2(TCR-3000	.R-6(
PART NO	2	2	1	10	10	1	10	2	1	2
BAG1	13	7								
BAG2	25	13								
BAG3				6		3	6	3		
BAG4				9		4.5	9	4.5		
BAG5				13		7	13	7		
BAG6			12		6					
BAG7			20		10					
BAG8									10	5

On hoists from 250 kg to 6 tonne with a high HOL and chain sizes over 11.2mm, galvanised chain collectors are used, with stainless steel buckets being used on ATEX hoists and in areas of high corrosion.

On arrival at site the load chain should be removed from the chain collector either manually or by carefully running out of the hoist checking for snagging. The chain should then be run back into the collector by the hoist checking there are no twists in the chain that the bottom hook is not twisted through the chain fall on multi-fall blocks. **A CAUTION**

Hoists with long drops of chain and heavy loads in the chain collectors will require a secondary suspension point to hold the hoist in a vertical position when unloaded. These may be as shown in section 1.8 or a secondary trolley on a runway beam. **A CAUTION**

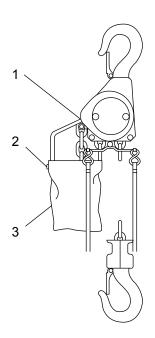
If operating without a chain collector the slack end of the chain may catch or get caught on top of a load. Always make sure the unloaded chain is running freely.

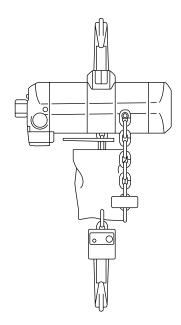
• DANGER

- Do not exceed the chain collector capacity.
- When the load chain is dry it may not run freely into the chain collector and over fill the collector, so the chain must be kept lubricated to
 prevent it running out of the collector.
- Make sure the chain collector brackets have not been damaged during installation.
- Make sure the chain collector is free to move when the hoist is loaded and un-loaded.
- Make sure the bottom hook does not connect with the chain collector. Limit the lifting height of the bottom hook if necessary.
- For any assistance required on chain collectors please contact PLANETA

CHAIN COLLECTORS

TCR-250 - 500/2





TCR-250 - TCR-500/2				
Bracket connects into hoist body				
2	M6 x 25			
3	Chain Bag			

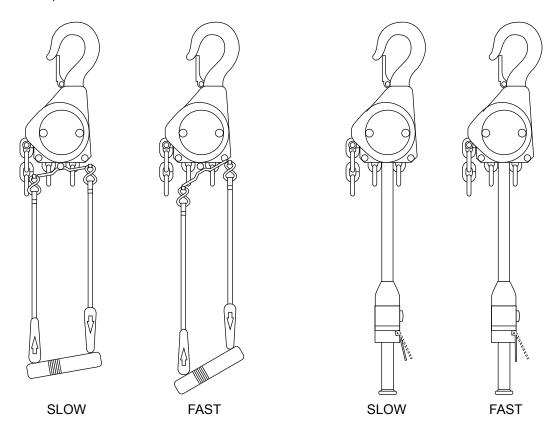
SPEED ADJUSTMENT

7.1 SPEED ADJUSTMENT

Every TCR hoist is checked at the factory to ensure the maximum hoisting speed is in accordance with the specification.

CORD CONTROL HOIST

The speed of the hoist is proportional to the amount of downward movement in the control cord, which via the cord lever controls the amount by which the valve is opened.



For the pendant control, adjust the speed by varying the amount the lever is depressed. By depressing the lever slightly, you will be able to control the hoists motions slowly with more precision. By depressing the lever further, the speed of the hoist will be increased until the lever is fully depressed.

Please note that on this hoist, the length of the pendant will affect the running speed of the hoist.

Speeds are approxiamtely as follows:

Model	Speed for pendant up to 5 metres	Drop in speed for each additional metre of pendant
TCR-250 unloaded	19 mpm	1 mpm
TCR-250 loaded	9.3 mpm	0.5 mpm
TCR-500 unloaded	9.5 mpm	0.5 mpm
TCR-500 loaded	4.6 mpm	0.25 mpm

For hoists with pendants over 5 metres long a RRI-VTP2 pendant and a spool valve can be fitted to give a full speed hoist.

OPERATIONAL BREAKDOWN / TROUBLESHOOTING THE TCR & TCS HOIST

8.1 We list below a number of faults which may occur during use, together with the probable cause and the cure. If you experience a fault and cannot identify the cause, or if you do not feel confident to remedy the fault, please revert to your hoist supplier.

Description of fault noted	Possible cause of fault	Remedy
Hoist fails to start	Air supply switched off	Switch on air supply.
(when newly installed)	Damaged or kinked pendant hose	Disconnect pendant from control valve and check if there is pressure. Replace as necessary.
	Emergency stop actuated	Re-set emergency stop.
	Control valve sticking	With air supply switched off, open and close the valve using a spanner on the limit lever. Do not use excessive force. If this fails, refer to dealer.
	Air pressure too low	Increase air pressure to the required valve. (6 bar)
	Hand control is faulty	Have hand control repaired.
Hoist starts but slows down and stops (when newly installed)	Inadequate air supply	Check compressor output against hoist requirements. Check air hose size against table. Ensure fittings are matched to hose size. Replace incorrect items.
		Reduce to 6 bar / Fit regulator.
	Regulator set in excess of 7 bar Air supply hoses leaking or loose	Check connections of air supply hose and control hoses and connect properly.
	Silencer is clogged	Replace or clean silencer elements, improve air quality if necessary.
Hoist starts but will not stop	Sticking valve on pendant	Clean and lubricate valve, replace if necessary.
	Contamination within the control valve	Dismantle, clean and lubricate .
Hoist sometimes refuses to start	Worn vanes or damaged vane springs	Dismantle and replace as necessary.
	Motor has run dry	Lubricate motor, check oiler.
	Control valve on motor	Have control valve replaced / serviced
Load chain jumps or makes a clicking	Worn load chain or guide	Dismantle and replace as required.
sound	Chain twisted	Incorrectly fitted - remove and refit (examine). Bottom block twisted through chain parts (2 fall models only).
	Chain sprocket worn	Replace chain sprocket, check chain guide, replace if necessary.
Motor 'stutters' and recovers periodically	Excessive moisture in air supply	Increase infiltration or fit a dryer.
Premature wear in load chain	Inadequate lubrication of load chain	Lubricate the chain.
	Support Vibration	Find cause of vibration.
	Hoist constantly operating at close headroom	Fit a ball bearing swivel below the hook.

PERIODIC EXAMINATION AND TESTING

9.1 EXAMINATION

UK & European Law requires that a thorough examination of the hoist should be carried out by a competent person:

- Before being put into service.
- At a frequency not exceeding 12 months (6 months for equipment used offshore).
- After being put into service at a new site.
- After involvement in an accident or dangerous occurrence.
- After a significant change in the conditions of use.
- After long periods out of use (time not specified).

Lifting operations and lifting equipment regulations 1998, section 9 refers. (LOLER 1998 №2307)

The record of such examination must be retained for as long as the employer continues to operate the equipment. The regulations also call upon the employer to carry out a risk assessment; to adjust the frequency of inspection according to the potential risk, to determine the nature of inspections and to ensure that the persons carrying out the inspection are competent to do so.

9.2 SIX MONTHLY OFFSHORE INSPECTION

Arrange to have the hoist examined by a person specifically trained and experienced in the examination of lifting machines. This can be done by a PLANETA engineer or an independent competent person. Ensure that the party is operating to a detailed inspection procedure or code of practice.

SERVICE

We would recommend the hoist is returned every 5 years for a full inspection and service.

9.3 TESTING

LOLER 98, section 4 calls for the employer to ensure that the hoist is of adequate strength and stability for each load. No frequencies or test or proof loads are specified.

In the case of the TCR, TCS + TNC hoists the hoist is functionally tested with a proof load of 125% of the safe working load prior to delivery (Test certificate refers).

It is recommended that the test is repeated along with a thorough examination if the hoist is substantially repaired (i.e. any repair which may affect the hoists ability to lift, lower and sustain a load).

REPEAT PROOF LOAD TESTING OF THE HOIST SHOULD BE AVOIDED

NOTE!

If your hoist is a "spark resistant" version; check the bronze coating of the lower and upper hook on signs of wear. A worn out coating is NOT spark resistant anymore and can cause dangerous situations. Therefore let the bronze coating be renewed by your supplier in time.

DUTY RATINGS

10.1 FEM 9.511 classifies the theoretical loading conditions and operating time in hours per day.

FEM 9.755 classifies the theoretical duration of service for safe operation.

APPLICATION OF FEM RULES TO PNEUMATIC HOISTS

With most mechanical equipment, the limiting factor with regard to operating time is that of HEAT GENERATION.

For example, an electric motor if not periodically allowed a 'rest period' to allow it to cool down after each period of use will cease to function due to irreversible damage arising as a consequence of the heat.

Air motors perform differently. Although heat is generated, providing that the motor is properly lubricated, no damage will ensue. The expanding air at the outlet manifold also has a cooling effect on the motor.

As a result pneumatic motors are commonly referred to as 100% duty rated or continuous rated, which means simply that they may be used continuously without a cooling down period and without damage arising as a consequence.

Incorporated into the TCR hoist are three classes of components:

- Sacrificial components These components are designed to incur wear to either protect other components or to function by
 means of friction generation. They require periodic inspection and replacement and comprise of the rotor vanes and the brake disc.
 Inadequate lubrication seriously reduces the life expectancy of the vanes.
- 2. Load chain Whilst adequate lubrication of the load chain will reduce friction and thereby limit the wear occurring between the bearing points of adjacent links, it will not totally eliminate it. Hence it will require regular inspection and will also require replacement within the service life of the hoist.
- Structural and mechanical components These comprise all other parts of the hoist, including gearbox and bearings, rotor and housing, valve, hooks, pins etc. A theoretical service life for every component has been calculated (available on request). For the purposes of the summary, the SHORTEST service life of any component has been included.

10.2 TABLES OF DUTIES - TCR Hoist

FEM standard	For all mentioned TCR models
FEM 9.511	1 Bm (M3)
Theoretical duration of service	
FEM 9.755	
Sacrificial components	1Am (M4) 800 to 6300 hours
Load chain	2M (M5) 1600 to 12500 hours
Structural & mechanical components*	2M (M5) 1600 to 12500 hours

^{*}Shortest duration stated.

IMPORTANT NOTES

- A hoist is deemed to be operating when it is in motion.
- All ratings are based on a clean, dry, air supply and correct lubrication.
- Load chain must be to manufacturer's specification.
- Special chains are excluded (consult your supplier).
- Mode of use must be in accordance with manufacturer's recommendation.

EXPLOSION PROTECTION

In Europe and several other parts of the world (check the rules in your own country) the use of non-electrical equipment in hazardous areas is covered by the ATEX 2014/34/EU Directive. This is split into two categories of equipment, Group 1 - Mining and Group 2 - above ground.

PLANETA hoists are suitable for Group 2 areas as well as Group 1 Mining category M(2) - M2c

All standard PLANETA hoists and trolleys from 250 kg to 50 tonne can be certified for use in Zone 2 areas and with additional protection built into the hoist they can be certified for Zone 1 use. The preparation work required to be carried out on our hoists and trolleys varies on the protection level required by the customer. With the information on where the hoist will be operating, we prepare hoists to be suitable for the Zone, gas group and temperature rating.

Hoists and trolleys can be fitted with different types of load chain, bronze sprayed hooks, stainless steel safety catches, and stainless steel name plates among several other modifications. Trolleys can be fitted with bronze wheels along with ATEX rated air motors, gearboxes and valves.

Standard Zone 2 (Gases) Zone 22 (Dust) rating - Group II 3 GD c IIA T4 (135°C)

Standard Zone 1 (Gases) Zone 21 (Dust) rating - Group II 2 GD c IIB T4 (135°C) (Other gas groups and temperature ratings are available)

Mining - Group 1 - Category M(2) - M2c (Mechanical equipment de-energised)

These ratings cover air hoists, air trolleys, manual trolleys and air powered wire rope hoists.

<u>^•</u>

DANGER

- During use the operator must avoid loads or the bottom hook impacting with surrounding steel equipment and structural steel
 which may result in sparking or frictional sparks caused by dragging loads past fixed structures.
- Any impacts involving light metal or cast iron should be avoided and these materials either protected or removed from the area.
- Damaged or badly corroded coatings or chain should be replaced or repaired to keep up the ATEX rating of the equipment. For assistance contact RRIUK.
- Earthing of hoists is not usually required as the hook connection to structure allows the hoist to connect to earth.
- The running surfaces of beams and cranes should not be painted to allow wheels to earth to the structure.
- Stainless steel 'C' track systems should be applied with an earth wire to connect onto the structure.
- Plastic junction boxes should only be cleaned with water and a clean cloth to reduce any electrostatic charge coming from the rubbing of the plastic surface.
- Dust should not be allowed to accumulate on the hoist, trolley, crane or junction boxes.

TCR-250 MINI AIR HOIST



STANDARD FEATURES

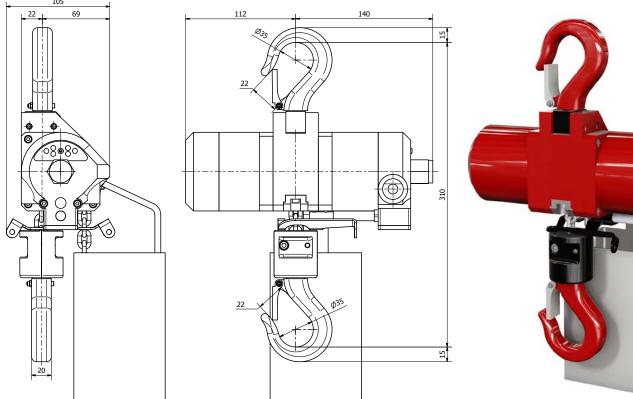
- Compact and lightweight body
- ▶ ATEX zone 2 specification
- Toku rotary vane motor
- Robust epicycle gearbox
- ▶ Failsafe automatic internal disc brake
- ▶ Mechanical upper & lower switches
- Aluminium housing
- ▶ Internal silencing down to 83 dB(A)
- ➤ Alloy safety swivel hooks with safety catch
- ▶ Load chain 4 x 12mm of European manufacture to EN818-7

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

- Marine specification
- Special paint systems
- Corrosion protection
- ▶ ATEX zone 1 specification
- ▶ Chain collectors (PVC, galvanised or stainless steel)
- ➤ Air Service units
- > Festoon systems
- Radio control
- ▶ Main air shut off valve

MODEL	WLL	LIFTING SPEED WITH LOAD	LIFTING SPEED WITHOUT LOAD	LOWERING SPEED WITH LOAD
TCR-250	250 kg	9.3 m/min	19.0 m/min	17.9 m/min
	AIR CONSUMPTION LIFTING	AIR CONSUMPTION LOWERING	AIR CONNECTION	MINIMUM HOSE DIA.
TCR-250	13 l/sec	15 l/sec	1/2" BSP	1/2" HOSE
	CHAIN FALLS	WORKING PRESSURE	WEIGHT WITH 3M HOL	WEIGHT PER ADDITIONAL METRE HOL
TCR-250	1	6 bar	7.0 kg	0.35 kg

C = CORD CONTROL DPE = PENDANT



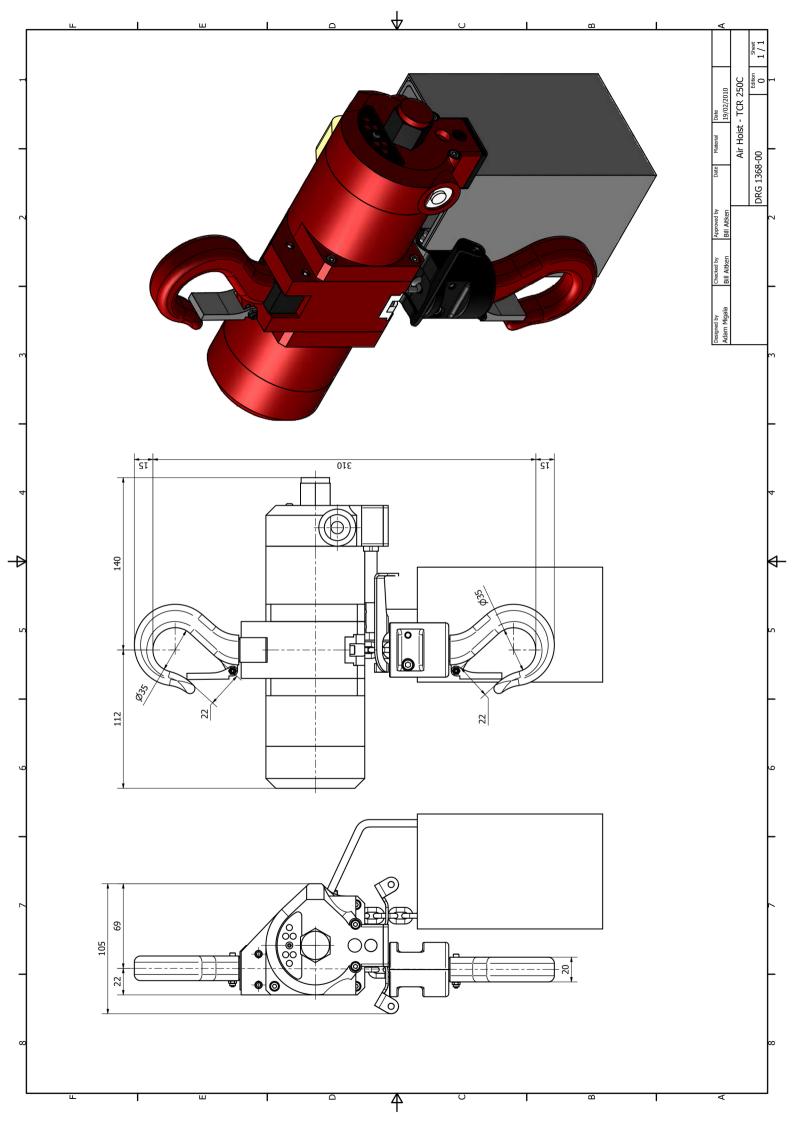


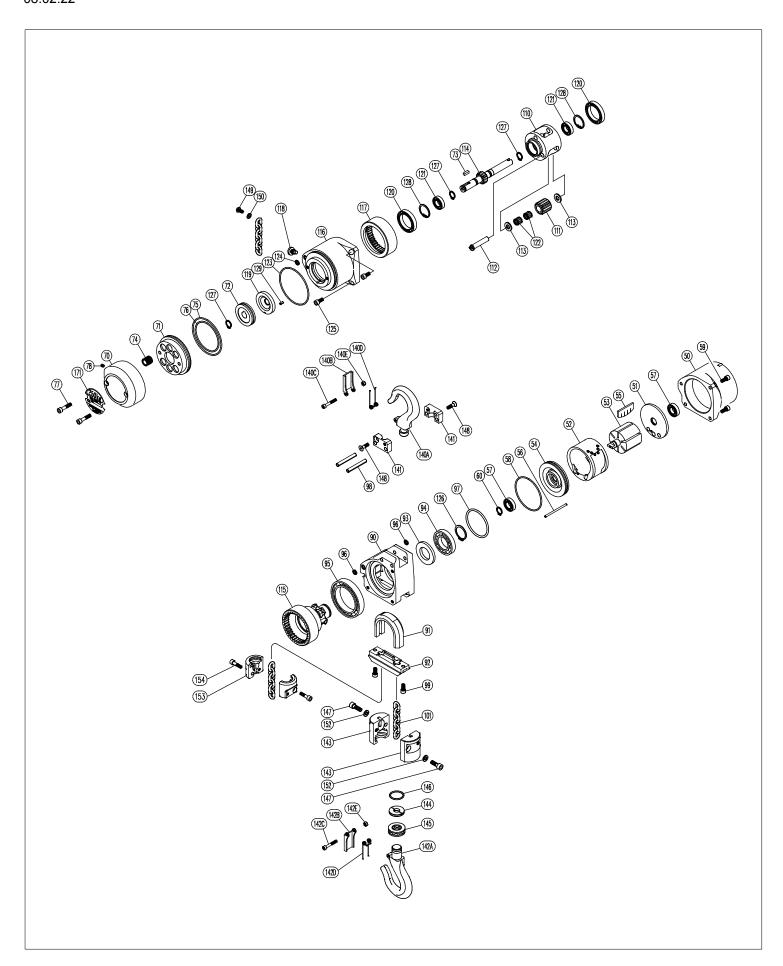


All measurements are in mm Information subject to change without notice

ATEX ZONE 2 AS STANDARD

DRAWINGS & PARTS LISTS

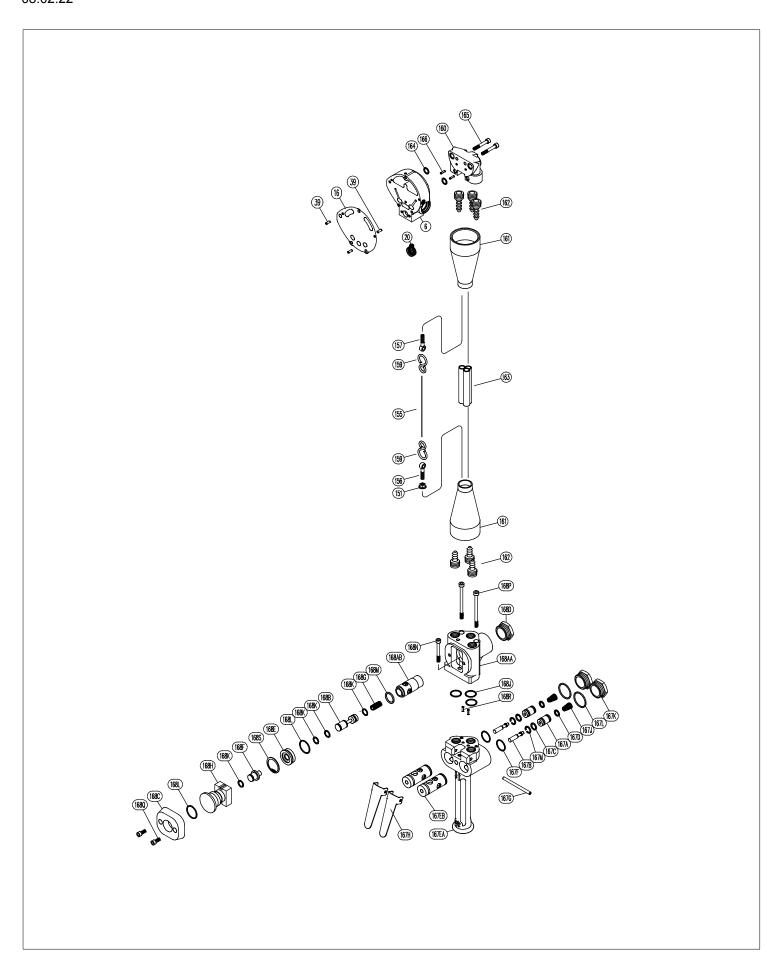




Hoist Body - TCR-250 Mini Hoist 08.02.22

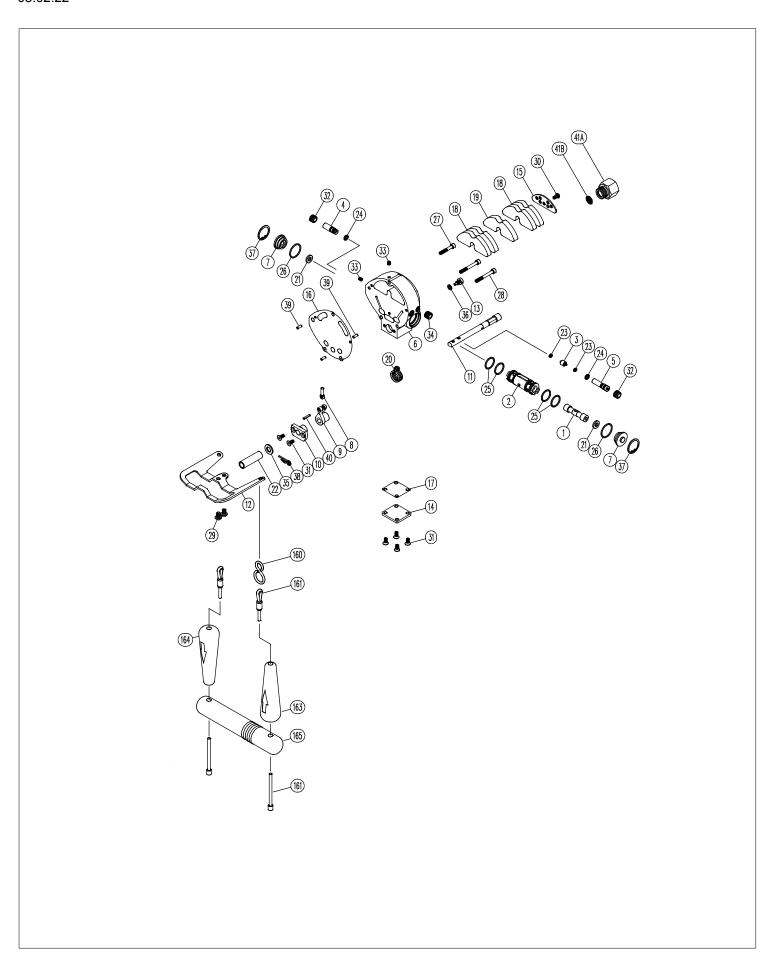
Fig. No.	Part Number	Part Name	Parts Per Hoist
050	426205790	MOTOR CASE	1
051	426205180	REAR PLATE	1
052	426205160	CYLINDER	1
053	426205150	ROTOR	1
054	426205170	FRONT PLATE	1
055	137102018	VANE	6
056	130402049	KNOCK PIN	1
057	130113003	BEARING 6901	2
058	131103044	O-RING S-63	1
059	131705014	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M5X14	3
060	130302012	RETAINING RING S-12	1
070	426205410	BRAKE COVER	1
071	426205400	BRAKE PISTON	1
072	426205430	BRAKE DISK	1
073	130408079	KEY	1
074	130802207	SPRING 12X13 8X1	6
075	131103047	O-RING S-70	1
076	131103042	O-RING S-56	1
077	131705030	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M5X30	2
078	132104005	HEX SOCKET SET SCREW M4X5	1
090	426205210	WHEEL HOUSING	1
091	426205350	CHAIN GUIDE	1
092	136610025	CHAIN SEPARATOR	1
093	426205230	SPACER	1
094	130116005	BEARING 16005	1
095	130113010	BEARING 6910	1
096	131103004	O-RING S-6	2
097	131102006	O-RING G-50	1
098	130606045	SPRING PIN 6X45	2
099	131705014	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M5X14	2
101	AHC4/80	LINK CHAIN 4mm	HOL
110	426205240	CAGE	1
111	426205250	STAR GEAR	3
112	426205260	PIN	3
113	426205270	THRUST COLLAR	6
114	426205290	PINION	1
115	426205300	WHEEL	1
116	426205310	GEAR CASE	1
117	426205320	RING GEAR	1
118	426205890	LOCK SCREW	1
119	426205900	BRAKE PLATE	1
120	130112806	BEARING 6806	2
121	130113003	BEARING 6901	2
122	130170013	NEEDLE BEARING KT-81211	6
123	131103047	O-RING S-70	1
124	131103004	O-RING S-6	1
125	131705014	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M5X14	3
126	120202025	RETAINING RING S-25	1
126	130302025	RETAINING KING 3-23	

Fig. No.	Part Number	Part Name	Parts Per Hoist
128	130301024	RETAINING RING H-24	2
129	130603006	SPRING PIN 3X6	1
140	420810PAE	HOOK (W. / CLAW)	1
Α	420810PE1	ноок	1
В	420620P11	HOOK SAFETY CLAW	1
С	131704028	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M4X28	1
D	130802046	HOOK SPRING	1
Е	134501004	U-NUT M4	1
141	426205570	HOOK END PIECE (ASSY)	1
142	42620593E	SWIVEL HOOK (W. / CLAW)	1
Α	426205931	SWIVEL HOOK	1
В	420620P11	HOOK SAFETY CLAW	1
С	131704028	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M4X28	1
D	130802046	HOOK SPRING	1
Е	134501004	U-NUT M4	1
143	426205800	UNDER HOOK HOLDER (ASSY)	1
144	426205910	HOOK THRUST PLATE (ASSY)	1
145	130121103	THRUST BEARING 51103	1
146	131103017	O-RING S-22	1
147	131706018	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M6X18	2
148	132805018	HEX FLAT HEAD MACHINE SCREW M5X18	2
149	131905010	HEX SOCKET DOME HEAD M5X10	1
150	131305005	WASHER M5	1
152	131310006	SPRING WASHER FOR FIG NO. 147	2
153	426215B30	HANGER	2
154	131705020	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M5X20	2
171	137309269	NAMEPLATE	1



Pendant Body - TCR-250 Mini Hoist 08.02.22

No. Per			T	
006 426206060 VALVE BODY 1 016 136102151 VALVE PACKING 1 020 130802209 VALVE SPRING 1 039 130406017 PARALLEL PIN 3X7.5 3 151 134605006 HEX NUT M6 1 155 2mm STRAINER WIRE 1 156 131756050 HINGE SCREW M6X50 1 157 131756030 HINGE SCREW M6X30 1 159 130802081 S-TYPE WIRE 2 160 426206941 MANIFOLD BLOCK 1 161 136608250 BOOT 2 162 PO25 3/8 BSP TO 3/8 HOSE TAIL 6 163 HP2/2 3/8 OXY HOSE 3 164 131103008 O-RING S-10 2 165 131705035 HEX SOCKET HEAD SCAP CREW M5X35 2 166 130603010 SPRING PIN 3X10 2 167 420215VBD THROTTLE VALVE CP 1 A 420215VBD		Part Number	Part Name	Parts Per
016 136102151 VALVE PACKING 1 020 130802209 VALVE SPRING 1 039 130406017 PARALLEL PIN 3X7.5 3 151 134605006 HEX NUT M6 1 155 2mm STRAINER WIRE 1 156 131756050 HINGE SCREW M6X50 1 157 131756030 HINGE SCREW M6X30 1 159 130802081 S-TYPE WIRE 2 160 426206941 MANIFOLD BLOCK 1 161 136608250 BOOT 2 162 P025 3/8 BSP TO 3/8 HOSE TAIL 6 163 HP2/2 3/8 OXY HOSE 3 164 131103008 O-RING S-10 2 165 131705035 HEX SOCKET HEAD SCAP CREW M5X35 2 166 130603010 SPRING PIN 3X10 2 167 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE CP 1 A 420215VBO THROTTLE VALVE 2 B 420215VBO				Hoist
020				
130406017				
151 134605006 HEX NUT M6 1 155 2mm STRAINER WIRE 1 156 131756050 HINGE SCREW M6X50 1 157 131756030 HINGE SCREW M6X30 1 159 130802081 S-TYPE WIRE 2 160 426206941 MANIFOLD BLOCK 1 161 136608250 BOOT 2 162 P025 3/8 BSP TO 3/8 HOSE TAIL 6 163 HP2/2 3/8 OXY HOSE 3 164 131103008 O-RING S-10 2 165 131705035 HEX SOCKET HEAD SCAP CREW M5X35 2 166 130603010 SPRING PIN 3X10 2 167 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE CP 1 A 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE CP 1 A 420215VBO THROTTLE VALVE 2 B 420215VBO THROTTLE VALVE 2 B 420215VBO PENDANT VALVE BODY 1 A 420215VBO	020	130802209	VALVE SPRING	1
155 2mm STRAINER WIRE 1 156 131756050 HINGE SCREW M6X50 1 157 131756030 HINGE SCREW M6X30 1 159 130802081 S-TYPE WIRE 2 160 426206941 MANIFOLD BLOCK 1 161 136608250 BOOT 2 162 P025 3/8 BSP TO 3/8 HOSE TAIL 6 163 HP2/2 3/8 OXY HOSE 3 164 131103008 O-RING S-10 2 165 1317705035 HEX SOCKET HEAD SCAP CREW M5X35 2 166 130603010 SPRING PIN 3X10 2 167 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE CP 1 167 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE CP 1 1 420215VBO PUSH ROD 2 C 131118012 O-RING AS568-013 2 E 420215VRD PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215VRD PENDANT VALVE BODY 1 B 420215VRD </td <td>039</td> <td>130406017</td> <td>PARALLEL PIN 3X7.5</td> <td>3</td>	039	130406017	PARALLEL PIN 3X7.5	3
156 131756050 HINGE SCREW M6X50 1 157 131756030 HINGE SCREW M6X30 1 159 130802081 S-TYPE WIRE 2 160 426206941 MANIFOLD BLOCK 1 161 136608250 BOOT 2 162 P025 3/8 BSP TO 3/8 HOSE TAIL 6 163 HP2/2 3/8 OXY HOSE 3 164 131103008 O-RING S-10 2 165 131705035 HEX SOCKET HEAD SCAP CREW M5X35 2 166 130603010 SPRING PIN 3X10 2 167 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE CP 1 A 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE 2 B 420215VCD PUSH ROD 2 C 131118012 O-RING AS568-013 2 E 420215VRD PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215VRD PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 B 420215VRD BUSHING 2 F <td< td=""><td>151</td><td>134605006</td><td>HEX NUT M6</td><td>1</td></td<>	151	134605006	HEX NUT M6	1
157 131756030 HINGE SCREW M6X30 1 159 130802081 S-TYPE WIRE 2 160 426206941 MANIFOLD BLOCK 1 161 136608250 BOOT 2 162 P025 3/8 BSP TO 3/8 HOSE TAIL 6 163 HP2/2 3/8 OXY HOSE 3 164 131103008 O-RING S-10 2 165 131705035 HEX SOCKET HEAD SCAP CREW M5X35 2 166 130603010 SPRING PIN 3X10 2 167 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE CP 1 A 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE 2 B 420215VBO THROTTLE VALVE 2 C 131118012 O-RING AS568-012 (HS90) 2 D 131117013 O-RING AS568-013 2 E 420215VRD PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215VRD PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 B 420215VRD BUSHING 2 F	155		2mm STRAINER WIRE	1
159 130802081 S-TYPE WIRE 2 160 426206941 MANIFOLD BLOCK 1 161 136608250 BOOT 2 162 P025 3/8 BSP TO 3/8 HOSE TAIL 6 163 HP2/2 3/8 OXY HOSE 3 164 131103008 O-RING S-10 2 165 131705035 HEX SOCKET HEAD SCAP CREW M5X35 2 166 130603010 SPRING PIN 3X10 2 167 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE CP 1 A 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE CP 1 A 420215VBO THROTTLE VALVE 2 B 420215VBO PUSH ROD 2 C 131118012 O-RING AS568-012 (HS90) 2 D 131117013 O-RING AS568-013 2 E 420215VRB PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215VRB PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 B 420215VRD PENDANT VALVE LEVER 2 J <td>156</td> <td>131756050</td> <td>HINGE SCREW M6X50</td> <td>1</td>	156	131756050	HINGE SCREW M6X50	1
160 426206941 MANIFOLD BLOCK 1 161 136608250 BOOT 2 162 P025 3/8 BSP TO 3/8 HOSE TAIL 6 163 HP2/2 3/8 OXY HOSE 3 164 131103008 O-RING S-10 2 165 131705035 HEX SOCKET HEAD SCAP CREW M5X35 2 166 130603010 SPRING PIN 3X10 2 167 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE CP 1 A 420215VBO PENDANT VALVE CP 1 A 420215VC0 PUSH ROD 2 C 131118012 O-RING AS568-012 (HS90) 2 D 131117013 O-RING AS568-013 2 E 420215VRB PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215VRB PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 B 420214VFD BUSHING 2 F 131103016 O-RING S-20 2 G 130604132 SPRING PIN 4.5X32 2 H	157	131756030	HINGE SCREW M6X30	1
161 136608250 BOOT 2 162 P025 3/8 BSP TO 3/8 HOSE TAIL 6 163 HP2/2 3/8 OXY HOSE 3 164 131103008 O-RING S-10 2 165 131705035 HEX SOCKET HEAD SCAP CREW M5X35 2 166 130603010 SPRING PIN 3X10 2 167 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE CP 1 A 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE CP 1 A 420215VC0 PUSH ROD 2 C 131118012 O-RING AS568-012 (HS90) 2 D 131117013 O-RING AS568-013 2 E 420215VRB PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215VRB PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 B 420214VFD BUSHING 2 F 131103016 O-RING S-20 2 G 130604132 SPRING PIN 4.5X32 2 H 420210VH0 PENDANT VALVE LEVER 2 J	159	130802081	S-TYPE WIRE	2
162 P025 3/8 BSP TO 3/8 HOSE TAIL 6 163 HP2/2 3/8 OXY HOSE 3 164 131103008 O-RING S-10 2 165 131705035 HEX SOCKET HEAD SCAP CREW M5X35 2 166 130603010 SPRING PIN 3X10 2 167 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE CP 1 A 420215VBO THROTTLE VALVE 2 B 420215VC0 PUSH ROD 2 C 131118012 O-RING AS568-012 (HS90) 2 D 131117013 O-RING AS568-013 2 E 420215VRD PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215VRD PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 B 420214VF0 BUSHING 2 F 131103016 O-RING S-20 2 G 130604132 SPRING PIN 4.5X32 2 H 420210VH0 PENDANT VALVE LEVER 2 J 130802030 VALVE SPRING 2 K	160	426206941	MANIFOLD BLOCK	1
163 HP2/2 3/8 OXY HOSE 3 164 131103008 O-RING S-10 2 165 131705035 HEX SOCKET HEAD SCAP CREW M5X35 2 166 130603010 SPRING PIN 3X10 2 167 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE CP 1 A 420215VBO THROTTLE VALVE 2 B 420215VC0 PUSH ROD 2 C 131118012 O-RING AS568-012 (HS90) 2 D 131117013 O-RING AS568-013 2 E 420215VRB PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215VRD PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 B 420214VF0 BUSHING 2 F 131103016 O-RING S-20 2 G 130604132 SPRING PIN 4.5X32 2 H 420210VH0 PENDANT VALVE LEVER 2 J 130802030 VALVE SPRING 2 K 420214V10 PENDANT VALVE CAP 2 L	161	136608250	воот	2
164 131103008 O-RING S-10 2 165 131705035 HEX SOCKET HEAD SCAP CREW M5X35 2 166 130603010 SPRING PIN 3X10 2 167 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE CP 1 A 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE CP 1 A 420215VC0 PUSH ROD 2 C 131118012 O-RING AS568-012 (HS90) 2 D 131117013 O-RING AS568-013 2 E 420215VRB PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215VRD PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 B 420214VF0 BUSHING 2 F 131103016 O-RING S-20 2 G 130604132 SPRING PIN 4.5X32 2 H 420210VH0 PENDANT VALVE LEVER 2 J 130802030 VALVE SPRING 2 K 420214V10 PENDANT VALVE CAP 2 L 131103022 O-RING S-28 2 M	162	P025	3/8 BSP TO 3/8 HOSE TAIL	6
166 131705035 HEX SOCKET HEAD SCAP CREW M5X35 2 166 130603010 SPRING PIN 3X10 2 167 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE CP 1 A 420215VBO THROTTLE VALVE 2 B 420215VCO PUSH ROD 2 C 131118012 O-RING AS568-012 (HS90) 2 D 131117013 O-RING AS568-013 2 E 420215VRB PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215VRD PENDANT VALVE BODY 1 B 420214VF0 BUSHING 2 F 131103016 O-RING S-20 2 G 130604132 SPRING PIN 4.5X32 2 H 420210VH0 PENDANT VALVE LEVER 2 J 130802030 VALVE SPRING 2 K 420210VH0 PENDANT VALVE CAP 2 L 131103022 O-RING S-28 2 M 130303004 RETAINING RING E-4 2 168	163	HP2/2	3/8 OXY HOSE	3
166 130603010 SPRING PIN 3X10 2 167 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE CP 1 A 420215VB0 THROTTLE VALVE 2 B 420215VC0 PUSH ROD 2 C 131118012 O-RING AS568-012 (HS90) 2 D 131117013 O-RING AS568-013 2 E 420215VRB PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215VRD PENDANT VALVE BODY 1 B 420215VRD PENDANT VALVE BODY 1 B 420214VF0 BUSHING 2 F 131103016 O-RING S-20 2 G 130604132 SPRING PIN 4.5X32 2 H 420210VH0 PENDANT VALVE LEVER 2 J 130802030 VALVE SPRING 2 K 420214V10 PENDANT VALVE CAP 2 L 131103022 O-RING S-28 2 M 130303004 RETAINING RING E-4 2 168 420	164	131103008	O-RING S-10	2
167 420215VBC PENDANT VALVE CP 1 A 420215VB0 THROTTLE VALVE 2 B 420215VC0 PUSH ROD 2 C 131118012 O-RING AS568-012 (HS90) 2 D 131117013 O-RING AS568-013 2 E 420215VRB PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215VRO PENDANT VALVE BODY 1 B 420214VF0 BUSHING 2 F 131103016 O-RING S-20 2 G 130604132 SPRING PIN 4-5X32 2 H 420210VH0 PENDANT VALVE LEVER 2 J 130802030 VALVE SPRING 2 K 420210VH0 PENDANT VALVE CAP 2 L 131103022 O-RING S-28 2 M 130303004 RETAINING RING E-4 2 168 420215V6C EMERGENCY VALVE CP 0 A 420215V6B EMERGENCY VALVE BODY 1 B 420215V60 EMERGENCY VALVE BODY 1 B 420215V60	165	131705035	HEX SOCKET HEAD SCAP CREW M5X35	2
A 420215VB0 THROTTLE VALVE 2 B 420215VC0 PUSH ROD 2 C 131118012 O-RING AS568-012 (HS90) 2 D 131117013 O-RING AS568-013 2 E 420215VRB PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215VR0 PENDANT VALVE BODY 1 B 420214VF0 BUSHING 2 F 131103016 O-RING S-20 2 G 130604132 SPRING PIN 4.5X32 2 H 420210VH0 PENDANT VALVE LEVER 2 J 130802030 VALVE SPRING 2 K 420214V10 PENDANT VALVE CAP 2 L 131103022 O-RING S-28 2 M 130303004 RETAINING RING E-4 2 168 420215V6C EMERGENCY VALVE CP 0 A 420215V6B EMERGENCY VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215V6D EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 B 420215V60 EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 B 420215V60	166	130603010	SPRING PIN 3X10	2
B 420215VC0 PUSH ROD 2 C 131118012 O-RING AS568-012 (HS90) 2 D 131117013 O-RING AS568-013 2 E 420215VRB PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215VR0 PENDANT VALVE BODY 1 B 420214VF0 BUSHING 2 F 131103016 O-RING S-20 2 G 130604132 SPRING PIN 4.5X32 2 H 420210VH0 PENDANT VALVE LEVER 2 J 130802030 VALVE SPRING 2 K 420214V10 PENDANT VALVE CAP 2 L 131103022 O-RING S-28 2 M 130303004 RETAINING RING E-4 2 168 420215V6C EMERGENCY VALVE CP 0 A 420215V6C EMERGENCY VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215V6B EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 B 420215V60 EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 B 420215V60 EMERGENCY PANEL 1 D 420215V80	167	420215VBC	PENDANT VALVE CP	1
C 131118012 O-RING AS568-012 (HS90) 2 D 131117013 O-RING AS568-013 2 E 420215VRB PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215VR0 PENDANT VALVE BODY 1 B 420214VF0 BUSHING 2 F 131103016 O-RING S-20 2 G 130604132 SPRING PIN 4.5X32 2 H 420210VH0 PENDANT VALVE LEVER 2 J 130802030 VALVE SPRING 2 K 420214V10 PENDANT VALVE CAP 2 L 131103022 O-RING S-28 2 M 130303004 RETAINING RING E-4 2 168 420215V6C EMERGENCY VALVE CP 0 A 420215V6B EMERGENCY VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215V40 EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 B 420215V40 EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 B 420215V80 EMERGENCY PANEL 1 D	Α	420215VB0	THROTTLE VALVE	2
D 131117013 O-RING AS568-013 2 E 420215VRB PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215VRO PENDANT VALVE BODY 1 B 420214VFO BUSHING 2 F 131103016 O-RING S-20 2 G 130604132 SPRING PIN 4.5X32 2 H 420210VHO PENDANT VALVE LEVER 2 J 130802030 VALVE SPRING 2 K 420214V10 PENDANT VALVE CAP 2 L 131103022 O-RING S-28 2 M 130303004 RETAINING RING E-4 2 168 420215V6C EMERGENCY VALVE CP 0 A 420215V6B EMERGENCY VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215V6B EMERGENCY VALVE BODY CP 1 B 420215V60 EMERGENCY VALVE BODY 1 B 420215V60 EMERGENCY VALVE BODY 1 C 420215V70 EMERGENCY VALVE D 1 C 420215V80 EMERGENCY VALVE D 1 D 420215V80 EMERGENCY VALVE D 1 C 420215V90 EMERGENCY VALVE D 1 F 420215V90 EMERGENCY CAP 1 E 420215V90 EMERGENCY PANEL 1 D 420215V90 EMERGENCY PUSH ROD 1 G 130802097 EMERGENCY SPRING 1 H 136690401 EMERGENCY SPRING 1 J 131103015 O-RING S-18 3 K 131103009 O-RING S-11.2 4	В	420215VC0	PUSH ROD	2
E 420215VRB PENDANT VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215VR0 PENDANT VALVE BODY 1 B 420214VF0 BUSHING 2 F 131103016 O-RING S-20 2 G 130604132 SPRING PIN 4.5X32 2 H 420210VH0 PENDANT VALVE LEVER 2 J 130802030 VALVE SPRING 2 K 420214V10 PENDANT VALVE CAP 2 L 131103022 O-RING S-28 2 M 130303004 RETAINING RING E-4 2 168 420215V6C EMERGENCY VALVE CP 0 A 420215V6B EMERGENCY VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215V40 EMERGENCY VALVE BODY 1 B 420215V50 EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 B 420215V60 EMERGENCY VALVE 1 C 420215V70 EMERGENCY PANEL 1 D 420215V80 EMERGENCY PUSH ROD 1 F 420215V90 EMERGENCY SPRING 1 H 136690401 </td <td>С</td> <td>131118012</td> <td>O-RING AS568-012 (HS90)</td> <td>2</td>	С	131118012	O-RING AS568-012 (HS90)	2
A 420215VR0 PENDANT VALVE BODY B 420214VF0 BUSHING C F 131103016 O-RING S-20 G 130604132 SPRING PIN 4.5X32 H 420210VH0 PENDANT VALVE LEVER J 130802030 VALVE SPRING K 420214V10 PENDANT VALVE CAP L 131103022 O-RING S-28 M 130303004 RETAINING RING E-4 168 420215V6C EMERGENCY VALVE CP A 420215V6B EMERGENCY VALVE BODY CP A 420215V40 EMERGENCY VALVE BODY B 420215V50 EMERGENCY VALVE BODY C 420215V70 EMERGENCY VALVE C 420215V70 EMERGENCY VALVE D 420215V80 EMERGENCY VALVE D 420215V80 EMERGENCY PANEL T 420215V90 EMERGENCY CAP E 420215V90 EMERGENCY PANEL D 420215V90 EMERGENCY POSH ROD G 130802097 EMERGENCY PUSH ROD H 136690401 EMERGENCY SPRING H 136690401 EMERGENCY SWITCH J 131103019 O-RING S-11.2 L 131103019 O-RING S-24	D	131117013	O-RING AS568-013	2
B 420214VF0 BUSHING 2 F 131103016 O-RING S-20 2 G 130604132 SPRING PIN 4.5X32 2 H 420210VH0 PENDANT VALVE LEVER 2 J 130802030 VALVE SPRING 2 K 420214V10 PENDANT VALVE CAP 2 L 131103022 O-RING S-28 2 M 130303004 RETAINING RING E-4 2 168 420215V6C EMERGENCY VALVE CP 0 A 420215V6B EMERGENCY VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215V40 EMERGENCY VALVE BODY 1 B 420215V40 EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 B 420215V50 EMERGENCY PANEL 1 C 420215V60 EMERGENCY PANEL 1 D 420215V80 EMERGENCY PANEL 1 F 420215V90 EMERGENCY PUSH ROD 1 F 420215V90 EMERGENCY PUSH ROD 1 G 130802097 EMERGENCY SWITCH 1 H 136690401	Е	420215VRB	PENDANT VALVE BODY CP	1
F 131103016 O-RING S-20 2 G 130604132 SPRING PIN 4.5X32 2 H 420210VH0 PENDANT VALVE LEVER 2 J 130802030 VALVE SPRING 2 K 420214V10 PENDANT VALVE CAP 2 L 131103022 O-RING S-28 2 M 130303004 RETAINING RING E-4 2 168 420215V6C EMERGENCY VALVE CP 0 A 420215V6B EMERGENCY VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215V40 EMERGENCY VALVE BODY 1 B 420215V50 EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 B 420215V60 EMERGENCY VALVE 1 C 420215V70 EMERGENCY PANEL 1 D 420215V80 EMERGENCY CAP 1 E 420215V90 EMERGENCY PETAINER 1 F 420215V00 EMERGENCY SPRING 1 H 136690401 EMERGENCY SWITCH 1 J 131103015 O-RING S-18 3 K 131103019	А	420215VR0	PENDANT VALVE BODY	1
G 130604132 SPRING PIN 4.5X32 2 H 420210VH0 PENDANT VALVE LEVER 2 J 130802030 VALVE SPRING 2 K 420214V10 PENDANT VALVE CAP 2 L 131103022 O-RING S-28 2 M 130303004 RETAINING RING E-4 2 168 420215V6C EMERGENCY VALVE CP 0 A 420215V6B EMERGENCY VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215V40 EMERGENCY VALVE BODY 1 B 420215V40 EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 B 420215V50 EMERGENCY VALVE 1 C 420215V70 EMERGENCY VALVE 1 D 420215V80 EMERGENCY CAP 1 E 420215V90 EMERGENCY RETAINER 1 F 420215V00 EMERGENCY SPRING 1 G 130802097 EMERGENCY SPRING 1 H 136690401 EMERGENCY SWITCH 1 J 131103015 O-RING S-18 3 K 131103019 <td>В</td> <td>420214VF0</td> <td>BUSHING</td> <td>2</td>	В	420214VF0	BUSHING	2
H 420210VH0 PENDANT VALVE LEVER 2 J 130802030 VALVE SPRING 2 K 420214V10 PENDANT VALVE CAP 2 L 131103022 O-RING S-28 2 M 130303004 RETAINING RING E-4 2 168 420215V6C EMERGENCY VALVE CP 0 A 420215V6B EMERGENCY VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215V40 EMERGENCY VALVE BODY 1 B 420215V40 EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 B 420215V50 EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 B 420215V60 EMERGENCY PANEL 1 C 420215V70 EMERGENCY PANEL 1 E 420215V90 EMERGENCY RETAINER 1 F 420215V90 EMERGENCY PUSH ROD 1 G 130802097 EMERGENCY SWITCH 1 H 136690401 EMERGENCY SWITCH 1 J 131103015 O-RING S-18 3 K 131103019 O-RING S-11.2 4 L 131103019<	F	131103016	O-RING S-20	2
J 130802030 VALVE SPRING 2 K 420214V10 PENDANT VALVE CAP 2 L 131103022 O-RING S-28 2 M 130303004 RETAINING RING E-4 2 168 420215V6C EMERGENCY VALVE CP 0 A 420215V6B EMERGENCY VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215V40 EMERGENCY VALVE BODY 1 B 420215V40 EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 B 420215V50 EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 C 420215V60 EMERGENCY VALVE 1 C 420215V70 EMERGENCY PANEL 1 D 420215V80 EMERGENCY CAP 1 E 420215V90 EMERGENCY RETAINER 1 F 420215V00 EMERGENCY PUSH ROD 1 G 130802097 EMERGENCY SWITCH 1 J 131103015 O-RING S-18 3 K 131103009 O-RING S-11.2 4 L 131103019 O-RING S-24 2	G	130604132	SPRING PIN 4.5X32	2
K 420214V10 PENDANT VALVE CAP 2 L 131103022 O-RING S-28 2 M 130303004 RETAINING RING E-4 2 168 420215V6C EMERGENCY VALVE CP 0 A 420215V6B EMERGENCY VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215V40 EMERGENCY VALVE BODY 1 B 420215V50 EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 B 420215V60 EMERGENCY VALVE 1 C 420215V70 EMERGENCY PANEL 1 D 420215V80 EMERGENCY CAP 1 E 420215V90 EMERGENCY RETAINER 1 F 420215V90 EMERGENCY PUSH ROD 1 G 130802097 EMERGENCY SPRING 1 H 136690401 EMERGENCY SWITCH 1 J 131103015 O-RING S-18 3 K 131103019 O-RING S-11.2 4 L 131103019 O-RING S-24 2	Н	420210VH0	PENDANT VALVE LEVER	2
L 131103022 O-RING S-28 2 M 130303004 RETAINING RING E-4 2 168 420215V6C EMERGENCY VALVE CP 0 A 420215V6B EMERGENCY VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215V40 EMERGENCY VALVE BODY 1 B 420215V50 EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 B 420215V60 EMERGENCY VALVE 1 C 420215V70 EMERGENCY PANEL 1 D 420215V80 EMERGENCY CAP 1 E 420215V90 EMERGENCY RETAINER 1 F 420215V00 EMERGENCY PUSH ROD 1 G 130802097 EMERGENCY SPRING 1 H 136690401 EMERGENCY SWITCH 1 J 131103015 O-RING S-18 3 K 131103019 O-RING S-11.2 4 L 131103019 O-RING S-24 2	J	130802030	VALVE SPRING	2
M 130303004 RETAINING RING E-4 2 168 420215V6C EMERGENCY VALVE CP 0 A 420215V6B EMERGENCY VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215V40 EMERGENCY VALVE BODY 1 B 420215V50 EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 B 420215V60 EMERGENCY VALVE 1 C 420215V70 EMERGENCY PANEL 1 D 420215V80 EMERGENCY CAP 1 E 420215V90 EMERGENCY RETAINER 1 F 420215V00 EMERGENCY PUSH ROD 1 G 130802097 EMERGENCY SPRING 1 H 136690401 EMERGENCY SWITCH 1 J 131103015 O-RING S-18 3 K 131103009 O-RING S-11.2 4 L 131103019 O-RING S-24 2	К	420214V10	PENDANT VALVE CAP	2
168 420215V6C EMERGENCY VALVE CP 0 A 420215V6B EMERGENCY VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215V40 EMERGENCY VALVE BODY 1 B 420215V50 EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 B 420215V60 EMERGENCY VALVE 1 C 420215V70 EMERGENCY PANEL 1 D 420215V80 EMERGENCY CAP 1 E 420215V90 EMERGENCY RETAINER 1 F 420215V00 EMERGENCY PUSH ROD 1 G 130802097 EMERGENCY SPRING 1 H 136690401 EMERGENCY SWITCH 1 J 131103015 O-RING S-18 3 K 131103009 O-RING S-11.2 4 L 131103019 O-RING S-24 2	L	131103022	O-RING S-28	2
A 420215V6B EMERGENCY VALVE BODY CP 1 A 420215V40 EMERGENCY VALVE BODY 1 B 420215V50 EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 B 420215V60 EMERGENCY VALVE 1 C 420215V70 EMERGENCY PANEL 1 D 420215V80 EMERGENCY CAP 1 E 420215V90 EMERGENCY RETAINER 1 F 420215V00 EMERGENCY PUSH ROD 1 G 130802097 EMERGENCY SPRING 1 H 136690401 EMERGENCY SPRING 1 J 131103015 O-RING S-18 3 K 131103009 O-RING S-11.2 4	М	130303004	RETAINING RING E-4	2
A 420215V40 EMERGENCY VALVE BODY B 420215V50 EMERGENCY BUSHING B 420215V60 EMERGENCY VALVE C 420215V70 EMERGENCY PANEL D 420215V80 EMERGENCY CAP E 420215V90 EMERGENCY RETAINER F 420215V00 EMERGENCY PUSH ROD G 130802097 EMERGENCY SPRING H 136690401 EMERGENCY SWITCH J 131103015 O-RING S-18 K 131103009 O-RING S-11.2 L 131103019 O-RING S-24	168	420215V6C	EMERGENCY VALVE CP	0
B 420215V50 EMERGENCY BUSHING 4 B 420215V60 EMERGENCY VALVE 1 C 420215V70 EMERGENCY PANEL 1 D 420215V80 EMERGENCY CAP 1 E 420215V90 EMERGENCY RETAINER 1 F 420215V00 EMERGENCY PUSH ROD 1 G 130802097 EMERGENCY SPRING 1 H 136690401 EMERGENCY SWITCH 1 J 131103015 O-RING S-18 3 K 131103009 O-RING S-11.2 4 L 131103019 O-RING S-24 2	Α	420215V6B	EMERGENCY VALVE BODY CP	1
B 420215V60 EMERGENCY VALVE 1 C 420215V70 EMERGENCY PANEL 1 D 420215V80 EMERGENCY CAP 1 E 420215V90 EMERGENCY RETAINER 1 F 420215V00 EMERGENCY PUSH ROD 1 G 130802097 EMERGENCY SPRING 1 H 136690401 EMERGENCY SWITCH 1 J 131103015 O-RING S-18 3 K 131103009 O-RING S-11.2 4 L 131103019 O-RING S-24 2	Α	420215V40	EMERGENCY VALVE BODY	1
C 420215V70 EMERGENCY PANEL 1 D 420215V80 EMERGENCY CAP 1 E 420215V90 EMERGENCY RETAINER 1 F 420215V00 EMERGENCY PUSH ROD 1 G 130802097 EMERGENCY SPRING 1 H 136690401 EMERGENCY SWITCH 1 J 131103015 O-RING S-18 3 K 131103009 O-RING S-11.2 4 L 131103019 O-RING S-24 2	В	420215V50	EMERGENCY BUSHING	4
D 420215V80 EMERGENCY CAP 1 E 420215V90 EMERGENCY RETAINER 1 F 420215V00 EMERGENCY PUSH ROD 1 G 130802097 EMERGENCY SPRING 1 H 136690401 EMERGENCY SWITCH 1 J 131103015 O-RING S-18 3 K 131103009 O-RING S-11.2 4 L 131103019 O-RING S-24 2	В	420215V60	EMERGENCY VALVE	1
E 420215V90 EMERGENCY RETAINER 1 F 420215V00 EMERGENCY PUSH ROD 1 G 130802097 EMERGENCY SPRING 1 H 136690401 EMERGENCY SWITCH 1 J 131103015 O-RING S-18 3 K 131103009 O-RING S-11.2 4 L 131103019 O-RING S-24 2	С	420215V70	EMERGENCY PANEL	1
F 420215V00 EMERGENCY PUSH ROD 1 G 130802097 EMERGENCY SPRING 1 H 136690401 EMERGENCY SWITCH 1 J 131103015 O-RING S-18 3 K 131103009 O-RING S-11.2 4 L 131103019 O-RING S-24 2	D	420215V80	EMERGENCY CAP	1
G 130802097 EMERGENCY SPRING 1 H 136690401 EMERGENCY SWITCH 1 J 131103015 O-RING S-18 3 K 131103009 O-RING S-11.2 4 L 131103019 O-RING S-24 2	E	420215V90	EMERGENCY RETAINER	1
H 136690401 EMERGENCY SWITCH 1 J 131103015 O-RING S-18 3 K 131103009 O-RING S-11.2 4 L 131103019 O-RING S-24 2	F	420215V00	EMERGENCY PUSH ROD	1
J 131103015 O-RING S-18 3 K 131103009 O-RING S-11.2 4 L 131103019 O-RING S-24 2	G	130802097	EMERGENCY SPRING	1
K 131103009 O-RING S-11.2 4 L 131103019 O-RING S-24 2	Н	136690401	EMERGENCY SWITCH	1
L 131103019 O-RING S-24 2	J	131103015	O-RING S-18	3
	К	131103009	O-RING S-11.2	4
M 131101017 O-RING P-18 1	L	131103019	O-RING S-24	2
	М	131101017	O-RING P-18	1
N 131706045 HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M6X45 1	N	131706045	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M6X45	1
P 131705075 HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M5X75 2	Р	131705075	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M5X75	2
Q 131705014 HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M5X14 2	Q	131705014	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M5X14	2
R 130603010 SPRING PIN 3X10 2	R	130603010	SPRING PIN 3X10	2
S 130301030 RETAINING RING H-30 1	S	130301030	RETAINING RING H-30	1



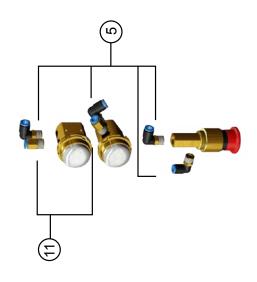
Cord Body - TCR-250 Mini Hoist 08.02.22

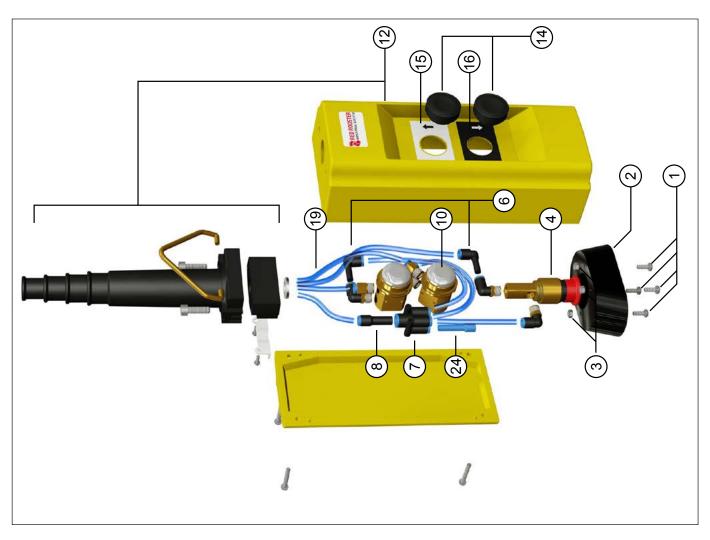
Fig. No.	Part Number	Part Name	Parts Per Hoist
001	426205010	MAIN SPOOL	1
002	426205780	VALVE BUSH	1
003	426205870	SHUTTLE	1
004	426205830	VALVE SEAT R	1
005	426205840	VALVE SEAT L	1
006	426205061	VALVE BODY	1
007	426205080	SIDE COVER	2
007	426205850	VALVE PIN	1
			1
009	426205140	LIMIT CUIDE	+
010	426205100	LIMIT GUIDE	1
011 012	426205460	LIMIT SHAFT	1
_	426205110	CHAIN LEVER	
013	426205860	STOPPER COVER	1
014	426205470	UNDER COVER	1
015	426205810	EXHAUST PLATE	1
016	136102151	VALVE PACKING	1
017	136102153	UNDER PACKING	1
018	137402022	SILENCER S	4
019	137402021	SILENCER F	1
020	130802208	VALVE SPRING	1
021	136406025	BUMPER	2
022	426205880	PROTECTOR	1
023	131117004	O-RING AS568-004	2
024	131103003	O-RING S-5	2
025	131103014	O-RING S-16	4
026	131103016	O-RING S-20	2
027	131704030	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M4X30	1
028	131704035	HEX SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW M4X35	2
029	131905008	HEX SOCKET DOME SCREW M5X8	2
030	131904008	HEX SOCKET DOME SCREW M4X8	1
031	132804010	HEX FLAT HEAD MACHINE SCREW M4X10	6
032	132110008	HEX SOCKET SET SCREW M10X8	2
033	132104005	HEX SOCKET SET SCREW M4X5	3
034	134902003	HEX SOCKET PIPE PLUG 1/8	1
035	131309008	WASHER M8	1
036	131309005	WASHER M5	1
037	130301022	RETAINING RING H-22	2
038	130790008	SNAP PIN 8	1
039	130406017	PARALLEL PIN 3X7.5	3
040	130602112	SPRING PIN 2.5X12	1
041	134703050	INLET BUSHING (W. / SCREEN)	1
Α	134703040	INLET BUSHING	1
В	136804003	AIR SCREEN	1
160	130802081	S-TYPE WIRE	2
161	138001015	CHANGE CORD	2
163	136602625	GRIP W	1
164	136602626	GRIP R	1
165	136602627	HANDLE	1

PENDANTS

PLANETA 2 STATION PENDANT - RRI-VTP2

ITEM	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	105P	M4 x 20 SCREW HEAD	4
2	E/STOP/GUARD	GUARD FOR EMERGENCY STOP	1
3	133/1P	M4 NYLOCK	4
4	BIK3206P-BS54	E-STOP BUTTON	1
2	304P	1/8" TO 6mm BANJO	4
9	P118	90° ELBOW 6mm	2
7	P112	4 WAY JUNCTION	1
8	301P	8mm TO 6 mm CONNECTOR	1
10	BIK-3209-P-VALVE	PENDANT VALVE	2
11	P087	1/8" TO 6mm PUSH FIT	2
12	TP/2/HOUS	2 STATION HOUSING	1
14	BIK-3209-294-B-COVER	COVER FOR BIK VALVES	2
15	XAC-B-LEGEND-UP	UP LEGEND	1
16	XAC-B-LEGEND-DOWN	DOWN LEGEND	1
19	HP7	6mm TUBE	4
24	P116	6mm BLANKING PLUG	1

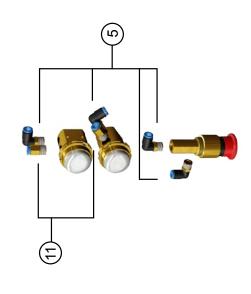


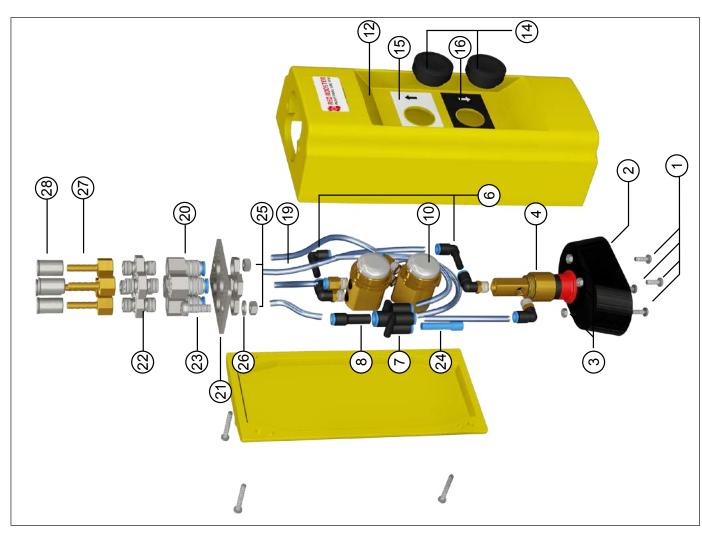


PENDANTS

PLANETA R 2 STATION PENDANT - RRI-VTP2M

ITEM	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	105P	M4 x 20 SCREW HEAD	4
2	E/STOP/GUARD	GUARD FOR EMERGENCY STOP	1
3	133/1P	M4 NYLOCK NUT	4
4	BIK3206P-BS54	EMERGENCY STOP BUTTON	1
5	304P	8mm TO 6mm REDUCER	4
9	P118	90° ELBOW 6mm	2
7	P112	4 WAY JUNCTION	1
8	301P	8mm to 6mm REDUCER	1
10	BIK-3209-P-VALVE	PENDANT VALVE	2
11	P087	1/8" TO 6mm PUSHFIT	2
12	TP/2/HOUS/M	2 STATION PENDANT	1
14	BIK-3209-294-B-COVER	COVER FOR BIK VALVES	2
15	XAC-B-LEGEND-UP	UP LEGEND	1
16	XAC-B-LEGEND-DOWN	DOWN LEGEND	1
19	HP7	6mm SMC TUBE	4
20	P243	1/4" TO 6mm BULKHEAD AND NUT	4
21	DRG 2652-01	PLATE	1
22	P127	1/4" TO 1/8" BSP NIPPLE C/W CONE	4
23	122P	M6 x 20 HEX BOLT	2
24	P117	8mm BLANKING PLUG	1
25	139P	M6 NYLOCK NUT	2
26	145P	M6 WASHER	2
27	P016/1	1/8" BSP SWIVEL TO 1/4" HOSE TAIL	4
28	P002/1	1/4" HOSE FERRULES	4





ACCESSORIES

ACCESSORIES

DUMP VALVES

On hoists fitted with 1/4" air hose in place of tubes, dump valves are fitted to the control lines to reduce operating delays.

Valve model: DV/0.25

FILTER SILENCING - TYPE AMC

This ensures clean plant air and reduces noise levels.

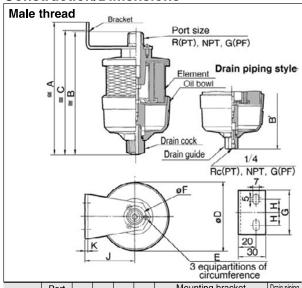
In areas where you do not want the exhaust air / oil to go freely into the atmosphere we can either pipe the exhaust air away to another room, fit a filter silencer unit, or a combination of both using the exhaust pipe with a filter silencer on the end of the hose.

- The filter removes 99.9% of oil from the exhaust air.
- The noise level is also reduced by the silencer and also with the exhaust noise.
- ➤ Temperature range 5°C to 60°C.
- The exhaust hose and filter should be at least one size larger than the incoming air supply hose.
- The exhaust cleaner must be mounted vertically.
- If the oil drop level decreases or after a period of 1 year the filter element.

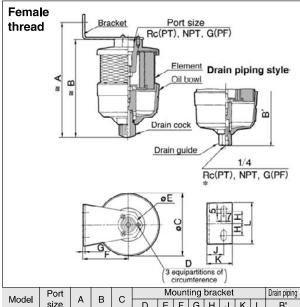
ACCESSORIES

AMC

Construction/Dimensions



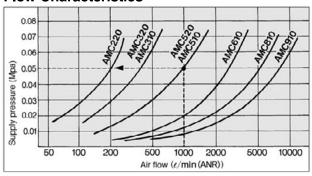
Model	Port	_	В	С	_	Moi	untir	ng b	rack	cet		Drain piping
wodei	size	Α			D	E	F	G	Η	J	K	B'
AMC310	3/8	150.5	138.5	140.5	75	M3 Depth	24	50	15	55	2.3	141.5
AMC510	3/4	203.5	196.5	193.5	102	M4 Depth	40	70	20	70	3.2	199.5
AMC610	1	229.5	224.5	219.5	118	M4 Depth	48	70	20	80	3.2	227.5
AMC810	1 1/2	_	270	_	135	_	_	_	_	_	_	273
AMC910	2	_	327	-	153	_	-	-	-	-	-	330



size D E F G H J K L B' МЗ AMC220 22 40 2.3 15 12 20 50 1/4 100 88 56 73 Depth M3 24 55 2.3 15 20 30 AMC320 1/4,3/8 140.5 120.5 75 50 123.5 Depth AMC520 1/2, 3/4 193.5 173.5 102 40 70 3.2 20 20 30 70 176.5

* On the AMC220, an R(PT)1/4 fitting can be attached by removing the drain cock.

Flow Characteristics



How to view the diagram: If the AMC510 is operated at a flow volume of 1000 ℓ min (ANR), the supply pressure will be 0.05MPa.

△Precautions

Design

∧ Warning

① The exhaust port could become blocked by the clogging of the exhaust cleaner. Therefore, make sure to provide a safe design so as not to cause the whole system to malfunction.

⚠ Caution

- 1 If this will be used with a centralized piping system, calculate the peak maximum air consumption by including the actuators that operate simultaneously and the capacity of the piping that is connected. Then, select a model so that the calculated value will be less than the maximum flow volume of the exhaust cleaner. (Select a style with ample capacity because the exhaust speed will decrease when the element becomes clogged.)
- ② The silencing effect could vary depending on the pneumatic circuit or the pressure that is used.
- 3 Operate at a back pressure (Supply pressure) of 0.1MPa or less.
- 4 The attached bracket is for supporting the exhaust cleaner body. Thus, it cannot support the piping or other items. If these items need to be supported, provide an additional support.

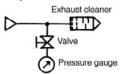
Mounting

① An exhaust cleaner must be mounted vertically. If it is mounted diagonally, laterally, or inverted, the oil that is separated by the element will splash on the surroundings.

Maintenance

⚠ Caution

- ① If the exhaust speed drops and the system performance decreases due to clogging, replace with a new element. Make sure to verify the operating condition of the actuator at least once a day.
- ② The replacement interval for the element is before the internal pressure during exhaust reaches 0.1MPa or after 1 year of operation, whichever comes first.



- Provide a branch on the supply side of the exhaust cleaner to mount a valve and a pressure gauge.
- During inspection, open the valve and check the pressure at the time of exhaust discharge. (The valve must remain closed except for inspection. The pressure gauge could break if the valve remains open.)

AIR SERVICE EQUIPMENT

An air set should be used with all PLANETA hoists and trolleys.

AIR SERVICE UNITS:

The correct size of air service unit for each hoist type is stated in the table on page 4. The air service unit must be installed with the lubricator unit down line from the filter unit. The unit should be installed at the hoist inlet port or within eight metres of inlet port. (Siting the unit further away or well below the hoist will result in lubricant being deposited on the internal walls of the supply line and hence it will be necessary to increase the lubricant rate above the levels specified (see section 1.2) to ensure adequate lubrication of the hoist. The ambient temperature range is -5°C to +60°C (with no freezing).

FILTER UNIT (WATER TRAP)

Manual drain units

As the name implies, these units must be drained by the operator as the filter bowl becomes full of water. The frequency of draining is entirely dependent upon the usage of the hoist and the moisture level of the air supply. (A) CAUTION

In clean environments e.g. laboratories, paint spray booths, manual drain filters are essential to prevent contamination.

Automatic drain units

These units are automatically self-purging. When the filter bowl is full it will automatically drain itself. Although very convenient to the user, the unit must be sited such that either the purged water is captured by a tray or it purges into an area away from personnel, equipment (particularly electrical equipment) and goods. If contamination from purged water is not a problem then automatic drain units should be selected.

Failure to fit and drain the filter will result in excessive moisture being carried into the hoist valve, motor and brake actuator resulting in internal corrosion and premature failure. A DANGER

LUBRICATOR UNIT

There are two types of lubricator available.

Oil mist lubricator

The preferred type, and essential where the lubricator must be sited some distance from the hoist. The unit produces atomised oil particles which remain in suspension in the air longer.

Droplet Lubricator

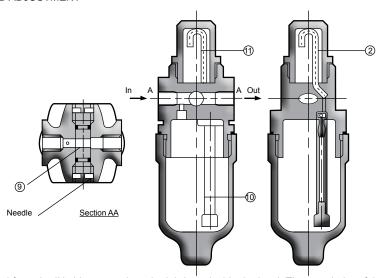
Due to the larger particle size of the droplets, these may only be used where the lubricator is close to the coupled hoist.

Failure to fit a lubricator and maintain the correct oil flow will result in rapid wear of the rotor vanes within the motor, excessive heat generation and failure of the air motor within a very short period.

DANGER

Keep the lubricator topped up with a light turbine oil.
DANGER

WORKING PRINCIPLE AND ADJUSTMENT



A portion of the air introduced from the IN side pressurises the lubricant inside the bowl. The remainder of the air passes through the needles (9), and flows to the OUT side. The pressure differential between the inside of the bowl and the inside of the sight dome (2), causes the lubricant inside the bowl into the oil passage (10). The lubricant drips from the dripping tube (11), and lubricate the OUT side. The amount of lubricant is adjusted by the needle (9), on the front face. Turning the needle clockwise increases the amount of lubricant, and turning it counter clockwise until fully opened shuts off the lubricant. The needle on the side that is not used should be left fully opened.

AIR SERVICE EQUIPMENT

REGULATOR UNIT

Most compressors are supplied with a regulator on the ouput. However, where a number of different pneumatic tools are supplied from the same compressor it is good practice to maintain the supply line or remain at a higher pressure and to fit a regulator to the supply at each tool.

The operating pressures stated for the air hoist are the pressures required at the hoist inlet manifold. Subject to the type of airline, a pressure drop in the line between 0.1 and 0.35 bar (2 and 5 p.s.i) per 10 metres of line should be anticipated (as a result of the frictional resistance of the walls).

MOUNTING / ADJUSTMENT - WARNING

- 1. Set the regulator while verifying the displayed values of the inlet and outlet pressure gauges. Turning the regulator knob excessively can cause damage to the internal parts.
- 2. Do not use tools on the pressure regulator knob as this may cause damage. It must be operated manually.

MOUNTING / ADJUSTMENT - CAUTION

- 1. Be sure to unlock the knob before adjusting the pressure and lock it after setting the pressure. Failure to follow this procedure can cause damage to the knob and the outlet pressure may fluctuate.
- Pull the pressure regulator knob up to unlock. (You can visually verify this with the 'orange mark' that appears in the gap.)
- Push the pressure regulator knob down to lock. When the knob is not easily locked, turn it left and right a little and then push it. (When the knob is locked, the 'orange mark', i.e. the gap will disappear.)
- 2. Pulsation will generate when the difference between the inlet and the outlet pressure is large. In this case, reduce the pressure difference between the inlet and the outlet. Please consult with SMC if pulsation problem is not resolved.
- 3. When the bowl is installed, install them so that the lock button lines up to the groove of the front (or the back) of the body to avoid dropping or damage of the bowl.

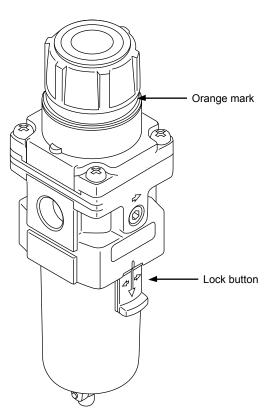


Image for illustration purposes only

LOG BOOK

PNEUMATIC HOIST AND TROLLEY INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS

Pneumatic hoists, trolleys and overhead cranes should be inspected as specified in the 'Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008 and The Provision of Use of Powered Machinery (PUWER) S12306 sections 5 & 6 and the results recorded in the log book.

External inspection by a competent person every 12 months or as per the examination scheme. The Lifting Operations and Lifting Equipment Regulations S12306 - 1998.

DAILY OR SHIFT INSPECTION

At the same time each day at the start of each working day of shift operator should carry out a basic inspection of the equipment, its operation and lubrication as required.

MONTHLY OR 3 MONTHLY CHECKS

Depending on the frequency of use and the working conditions, inspection and maintenance should be done at suitable intervals to ensure any deterioration of the equipment will be detected and remedied in good time.

ANNUAL INSPECTION

A competent person with the requisite knowledge of the equipment should carry out a full inspection of powered lifting equipment every 12 months or after any exceptional circumstances which could jeopardize the safety of the lifting equipment. A report should be issued and sent to the customer / employer.

DAILY HOIST AND TROLLEY INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS

The items listed below are intended as a guide for performing daily visual inspections of the components that have a direct bearing on the safety of the hoist and or trolley where the status may change with day to day use. The equipment items listed below do not necessarily need to be restricted to these items, but they should form the basis of the inspection.

OPERATING CONTROLS: Check for malfunction, excessive wear, broken or damaged components and control function labels.

HOIST CHAIN: Check chain lubrication, twisted chains (multi fall blocks).

AIR SET: Check oil level indicator.

SAFETY CATCHES: Check operation and for damage.

NOISE / OPERATION: Check for any unusual noise and speeds during function tests.

HOIST OPERATION: Check the hoist starts and stops quickly.

EXTRA CHECKS FOR TROLLEY

OPERATION: Check movement and control of the trolley.
TROLLEY MOVEMENT: Check the trolley moves smoothly along the beam.

PNEUMATIC HOIST AND TROLLEY MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

TO BE CARRIED OUT MONTHLY OR THREE MONTHLY DEPENDING ON THE HOIST WORKING CONDITIONS

DAMAGE: External inspection of hoist for damage or wear.

HOIST CHAIN: Check chain lubrication, twisted chains (multi fall blocks) and excessive wear or damaged chain links. (Light mineral oil).

HOOKS: Check hooks swivel, hook opening and safety catch.

AIR SET: Check and fill up lubricator bowl and adjust drop rate as required.

FITTINGS/HOSES: Check all air-line fitting are secure and there are no air leaks.

BOLTS: Check security of bolts, chain collector and chain anchor.

AIR MOTOR: Check air motor and silencers - replace as required.

OPERATION: Function test hoists running speed and control operation without load and then check lifting a load of around 50% of SWL to

check brake operation and controls when loaded.

LIMIT SWITCHES: Check operation of upper and lower limits at slow speed.

EXTRA CHECKS FOR TROLLEY

RUNWAY BEAM: Check the beam is smooth and flat without obstruction and that the end stops are in place and secure.

DIVE PINION: Check drive pinion and wheels are fitting correctly and not worn, grease if required.

ADJUSTMENT: Check flange adjustment, anti tilt roller setting, load bar nuts - adjust or tighten if required,

AIR LINES: Check security of control lines and supply hoses and fittings.

OPERATION: Function test over the complete range of travel.

SUPPLY HOSES: Check air lines are supported and the weight is not hanging from the air set.

When detecting any abnormality during inspection due to erroneous use, instruct the operator and user for correct use of the chain hoist.

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MAINTENANCE CHECKS

TO BE CARRIED OUT MONTHLY IN PRODUCTION OPERATIONS WHERE HEAVILY USED OR IN HARSH WORKING CONDITIONS. TO BE CARRIED OUT THREE MONTHLY WHEN THE HOIST IS ONLY USED OCCASIONALLY.

PLEASE CONTACT PLANETA TO CONFIRM IF MONTHLY OR THREE MONTHLY MAINTENANCE CHECKS ARE REQUIRED IF YOU ARE NOT SURE.

IONTHLY / 3 MONTHLY CHECKS CARRIED OUT AS PER MANUAL	NAME	DATE

